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THE CAUCASIAN.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY,
By MARION BUTLER,
Editor and Proprietor.

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THE CAUCASIAN.

Pure Democracy and White Supremacy.

VOL. VIII. CLINTON, N. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 19, 1890. No. 36.

THINK !

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CREATES many a new business,
ENLARGES many an old business,
REVIVES many a dull business,
RESCUES many a lost business,
SAVES many a failing business,
PRESERVES many a large business,
SECURES success in any business,
Therefore advertise in a popular paper, one the people are anxious to read.

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WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggist, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Strikes are increasing every day
At very rapid paces;
Even the lightning, so they say,
Has struck in several places.
—Evening Post.

Epoch.

The transition from long, lingering and painful sickness to robust health marks an epoch in the life of the individual. Such a remarkable event is treasured in the memory and the agency whereby the good health has been attained is gratefully blesred. Hence it is that so much is heard in praise of Electric Bitters. So many feel they owe their restoration to health to the use of the Great Alterative and Tonic. If you are troubled with any disease of Kidneys, Liver or Stomach, of long or short standing, you will surely find relief by use of Electric Bitters. Sold at 50c and $1 per bottle at R. H. Holidays Drug Store.

Fair woman doesn't hate the men—
oh, no!
That scarcely chimes in with her
pian;
But had she her way there wouldn't
be
In all the world a single man.

The Pulpit and the Stage.

Rev. F. M. Shoat, Pastor United Brethren Church, Blue Mound, Kan., says: "I feel it my duty to tell the what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased, and my parishioners thought I could live only a few weeks. I took five bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery and am now sound and well, gaining 20 pounds in weight."
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Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. R. H. HOLLIDAY, Clinton, and J. R. SMITH, Druggist, Mount Olive, N. C.

—"O, Clara, Tom's been expelled from Yale!"
"You don't tell me so. What was the matter?"
"He was found studying political conomy when he should have been developing his muscle for the next boat-race."—Life.

No pickpocket can expect to make a success of his business until he gets his hand in.—Binghamton Leader.

THE EDITOR'S CHAIR.

HOW THINGS LOOK FROM OUR STAND POINT.

The Opinion of The Editor and the Opinion of Others which we Can Endorse on the Various Topics of the Day.

Hon. R. P. Flowers, of New York, offers an amendment to the Constitution in the House of Representatives not long since. The amendment is in regard to the appointment of post master by the Government. That 59,000 offices now filled by postmasters appointed, is placing too much power in the Government and disposing of a very important matter with the people in a way not satisfactory to them. He shows the growth and development of the post-office department. In its infancy, says he, it embraced only 75 offices scattered in a straggling line along the Atlantic Seaboard ministring to about 3,000,000 people. Now the number of offices is 59,000 and their population is 65,000,000. The matter at first so small is now becoming alarming. This great host of postmasters is to be replaced whenever by the smallest majority a charge is effected in the head of the Government. We see later in the Senate that Mr. Hoar has introduced a joint resolution, which was referred, proposing a constitutional amendment making the office of postmaster elective. The subject is a matter of interest to every one and hope the newspapers will freely discuss it.

That mammoth humbug and swindle, the Louisiana State Lottery, has already captured a majority of the State Legislature and only lacks four votes of having the requisite two-thirds vote to re-charter it. Two months ago no one had any idea that the Lottery had a ghost of chance of being re-chartered. The people of the State are against the gambling den. But the members of the Legislature, whom the people have elected to represent them are gradually one by one reaching the conscientious (?) conviction that the people don't know what they want, that the Lottery is a blessing to the people but they are too ignorant to see it. These same representatives will probably have the cheek to go home and be candidates for re-election and try to convince their constituents, the "dear people," that the Lottery is a god-send and that as true representatives they were bound to vote for it. An exchange says:

The Louisiana State Lottery will doubtless be re-chartered. But few days pass over without reminding us of the power money has in legislation, and what a source of evil it becomes when used for corrupting voters either in legislative halls or at the polls.

The Georgia editor who took a trip and left his wife to dun delinquent subscribers, had no particular malice against the delinquents but he had unlimited confidence in her hustling properties, and knew that when she went for a delinquent he came, not always cheerfully, but he came all the same.—Wil. Star.

It will be fully six years, it is now said, before the Government is through with the publication of the Records of the Civil War. In all there will be 120 volumes: Thus far 45 have been distributed. The cost will of course be great—the annual expenditure being some $300,000. It will be an important work when finished. —Wil. Messenger.

"Col. Shepard is an ass," exclaims a nearby journalistic neighbor of the Colonel. We object to this unkind comparison. It is an uncalled for and an unprovoked and an unjustifiable reflection upon the ass, which has never done anything mean enough to be subjected to such an odious comparison.—Wil. Star.

You can get 100 acres of land in Samoa for $1.37 and the taxes will be only 39 cents a year.

SENATOR KERR'S DEFENSE.

He Tells Why He Voted Against the Railroad Commission.

On last Saturday, E. W. Kerr, Esq., according to previous appointment, spoke at Ingold, N. C., in the forenoon and at Clear Run, N. C., in the afternoon, defending his record in the last Legislature. He made the same speech at both places, to about fifty or sixty people, which in substance was as follows:

A great question, the Railroad Commission, is beginning to agitate the people, and it is for you to say where it will end. I voted against it and am willing to stand here and give my reasons. Some say that the Railroads paid me money to vote and work against a Railroad Commission. All I have to say to this is "evil to him who evil thinks." You can put me on oath if you wish to, and I will state that I was not bribed.

They say that I was instructed to vote for a Railroad Commission. I was not. I dare any man from Franklin to Mingo to say that he ever wrote to me asking me to support the Commission bill. The Alliance says that they sent me up a petition with 1,500 names asking me to support the bill. All I have to say to that is that I never received such a petition, and I don't believe there was ever any such petition. If there is any man in this audience who ever signed such a petition let him speak out. At one time when I was home during the session of the Legislature, I stopped at Ingold and there a dozen men, whom I asked if they wanted a Commission, said no. I asked a man who went to Raleigh during the session of the Legislature if he wanted me to vote for a Commission, he said no. The 7th article of the platform on which you nominated men in 1888, declared against creating any new offices, and your county by a majority of 45 voted against putting two more judges on the Supreme Court bench. But they say that I am a Railroad attorney and therefore am with the Railroads and in sympathy with what is for their interest. The Railroads are bound to have attorneys. In 1874 the Legislature passed an Act that you could sue a corporation by serving summons upon any agent or official. So you see that the Railroads are bound to have attorneys, and I just happened to be the man they selected for Sampson county. Suppose a horse was killed between Warsaw and Clinton and notice was served on the agent at the latter place that the case for damages would be tried at 4 o'clock the same evening. The agent would telegraph to Wilmington for counsel, the authorities at Wilmington would telegraph to some lawyer at Clinton, say Mr. Stewart, to appear for them, and he was to telegraph back that he was on the other side; then they might telegraph to Mr. Faison and he too would telegraph that he was on the other side; what would they do? They must have a man to attend to their interest, so they make an arrangement with some man in every section to be their attorney. They need such a man, so it is fair and just that they have attorneys.

There is a cry now for the farmer to have men who are friends to represent them in the halls of legislation. Let us see about that. I was raised on a farm, have lived on a farm, and married a farmer's daughter, so I am about as deep in the mire as you are in the mud. I control 1,700 acres of land and have five plows running. So I am the farmer's friend, and whatever I do for his interest is also for my interest. But because I am a farmer is no reason why I should vote for a law that would injure the State.

There are three classes of men:
1st. The emotional man. This class of men can go to a church on Sunday, hear a sermon and a few hymns, shout and hurrah, but before Wednesday they lose the last dad-blamed bit of their religion.
2nd. There is the prejudiced man. He shuts his eyes like a snake at certain times of the year and is blind. He can't see the truth if it is thrust before his eyes.
3rd. There is the reasonable man, and he is the kind I wish to talk to. I believe you are reasonable men, so I will proceed to give my reasons for voting against this measure.

First let me ask you a question. Can a commission regulate passenger and freight rates here? No. It can do so in Georgia and South Carolina, but not in North Carolina.

In 1790 North Carolina went into the Union and adopted a constitution, which stood till 1835. Then there were five or six amendments made, which are immaterial to the question under consideration. This constitution stood until 1868, when the Canby Constitution was adopted. During all this time, from 1790 to 1868, the word railroad or corporation was not in our Constitution. When I made my speech in Raleigh against the Railroad Commission, Col. Fuller and Judge Strong both came to me and said that they were ignorant of the fact that such was the case till they heard my speech.

Now the Constitution of the United States says that no *ex post facto* law shall be passed. Therefore every road chartered in the State prior to 1868, of which there are ten, could not be controled by the Legislature. In 1868 our people saw the defect in our Constitution of not giving the Legislature the power to regulate the passenger and freight rates of railroads and to prevent discrimination, &c., so they put in such a clause. The framers of the Constitution of Georgia showed more wisdom. When that State entered the Union the framers of the Constitution, in article 4, section 2, page 1, gave the Legislature that power, so a commission can reach all roads in that State. North Carolina is the only State in the Union that did not have a clause in its constitution giving the Legislature this power over corporations. So the ten old roads, which are the strongest, cannot be touched. Then is it right to pass a commission that would throw a wet blanket on the new and weaker roads, in nearly all of which the State owns an interest, while the ten old roads are owned almost entirely by parties who live in other States. In the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad, which runs forty miles through your county, the State owns a $150,000 interest. So why should you wish to crippple the interests of the State by putting a wet blanket on such roads? In the charters of these ten old roads the rates are fixed at 9 cents per ton per mile for freight and 6 cents per mile for passengers. And the Supreme Court says that such a charter is a contract and therefore a commission would have no power to regulate or prevent discrimination.

You say that the Alliance wants a commission. Who voted with me against the Commission. It is true the Republicans voted against it for an evident purpose, but of the whole eight Democrats who voted with me all were members of the Alliance, with one exception, and he was a young lawyer. White and Hughes, both prominent men, in the last Legislature, said that a commission would injure the people.

I am not againt the Alliance. The Alliance is more nearly with me than you suppose. If I see you about to make a mistake, is it not my duty to tell you about it? If I see you going a road and know a bridge is up, ought I not ask you to stop and look, and should you then say that I was an enemy?

Now some one says that the Commission is doing fine in Georgia, but Texas, the home of the Alliance, has no commission. I stand here and dare anyone to contradict me when I say that the Commission is doing damage in Georgia. If any of you will get a man from there I will take him around with me and make him tell the truth about the Commission. Yes, I can show you myself that a commission is grinding the gizzard of the people of Georgia I can do it with the last report of the Railroad Commission of that State, and this is the thing that I mashed the life out of those who were in favor of a commission in the last Legislature.

Here railroad passenger fare is 3½ cents per mile first-class, 2½ cents per mile second-class. In Georgia there is no second-class, and the passenger rates are 3 cents per mile on the A roads, 4 cents per mile on the B roads and 5 cents per mile on the C roads. Now the A roads are those down in the eastern portion of the State, where it is level. There are only two roads down there. So there are only two roads in the State but what charge over 3 cents a mile. The B roads are those up in the central portion of the State and the C roads are up in the mountains. There are more of these two classes of roads than any other kind, so you see that nearly everybody in Georgia is forced to pay 4 or 5 cents a mile. So you see that they pay higher rates there than we do here, where there is no commission. I boldly lay down this proposition, that a commission is against the people. In Georgia, under a commission, it cost a child from five to twelve years of age half price to travel on a railroad, here it will not cost him anything. How is it with freight? Without going into details, I say to you here, on my honor, that the Commission has raised freights in Georgia one-third higher than they were before. In Georgia the railroads are getting rich off of the Commission. In this State there are only two railroads that are paying expenses, that is the Wilmington & Weldon and the Richmond & Danville. The profits of the former is only 8 per cent. and the latter 5 per cent. Now do you object to anybody making 8 per cent. interest or profits. We all want to and ought to do so. In 1879, when Georgia passed the commission act, the railroad property was worth in round numbers only $9,000,000; in 1888 it was worth $29,000,000, or three times the amount. Where did this increase in in wealth come from? It was ground out of the people by that God blessed commission that you say you want. Do you want it? No. I don't believe you do.

Now you are ready to ask if it helps the railroads why are they opposed to it? They are not opposed to it. They want a commission. Mr. Watters, who virtually owns the W. & W. railroad, went to Raleigh during the last session of the Legislature and asked me to stop fighting the Commission. I asked him if he thought I was fighting a commission for him. He said that he thought I might be doing so thinking it would be a favor to the railroads. I told him that I was fighting a commission because it would ruin my people. He said yes, your people would catch the patching if a commission was passed, so go ahead. Some say that there was a lobby of railroad men and their attorneys in Raleigh during the last Legislature fighting the commission. The man who says that tells a lie. I asked some of the railroad officials, who happened to be there, to go up to the capital with me, but they said that a railroad man was not a free citizen in North Carolina, that if they went up to the capital that every dadblamed little newspaper in the State would raise a howl and yell.

I never saw in the Capitol but one railroad man, that was Maj. Winder.

Gentlemen, here is the Railroad Commission bill [holding up the pamphlet] that I voted against, the god-blessed thing that they say will do so much good. There is more devil in this bill than in a Texas mule. Yes, gentlemen, it is the monkey that is so much-talked about and so little known about. There is not a man in this audience who has ever read it. So don't condemn me till you know what is in it. It provided for three commissioners, one of whom was to be a Radical. Did you send me to Raleigh to vote for a Radical? I never have done so, and so help me God I never will. It requires that no one of the three should own any railroad stock or bonds or know anything about railroads. In fact the bill required that they should all take an oath to that effect. Now is that right? Suppose that the next Legislature should be composed chiefly of lawyers and merchants and they were to take up a notion that all the troubles of the country were due to the laziness of the farmers, and they were to pass a commission to regulate the farmer and see that he worked better and got up earlier, and did not rest so long at noon, and did not go to town unless he had business, and that the bill should say that your bosses, the commissions, should not own any land, nor know anything about farming. Would you like that? Then don't put a cup to the lips of the railroads that you are not willing to put to your own.

Now you pass a Commission the convicts will be taken off from the roads and put back in the penitentiary, and it will cost you $250,000 a year more to run the penitentiary. That is half as much taxes as you pay. Now, therefore if you now pay $10 tax you would then have to pay $15.00.

What will a Commission cost? It will cost you $45,000 a year. How is that? Well, the Commissioners would get $2,500 each a year, making $7,500. A clerk for them would cost $1,200. Printing and other incidentals would sum it up to $15,000. The fees allowed to the Solicitor and Attorney-General in the Superior and Supreme Courts, would probably amount to $10,000. Then each one of these roads would contest the Commission before the Supreme Court, and you could get no lawyer for less than $4,000 a case, so that would be $20,000, making in all forty-five thousand dollars.

Another objectionable feature to the Commission is that it would allow the Commission to give a man damages if he got a leg broken or had property damaged and then too allow him to go on into the courts and collect more damages before a jury if he was not satisfied with what the Commission allowed him.

But my last and greatest objection to a Commission is that it will cause social equality between the whites and the blacks. Where there is a Commission you can't have second-class cars, but the negroes can ride in the same cars with white people. I was travelling South not long since. I was asleep, when suddenly I was waked by the noisy and boistrous talking and laughing of a crowd of negroes who had just gotten into the car. I asked the conductor what was the matter? He said, oh, it is S. C. and the Railroad Commission. He went on to say what a great service I had rendered my State by saving them from so terrible a calamity as a Commission. I was going to Washington recently and stopped at Milfred, Va., for a meal. When I went into the dining-room I saw a negro sitting at the table. I left and did not eat there. I asked a man if good old Virginia had come to that? He said that since they had had a Commission they were getting used to a great many things.

The Atlanta Constitution is good authority and here is a recent copy stating that negroes were invited into a Democratic meeting, showing already the bad effects of a Commission in Georgia.

Gentlemen, feed a pig and he will make a hog, and if you put a Commission on this State there is no telling to what extent social equality will go. I will never vote for a measure that will have this effect. Now, please excuse a few words personal to myself. You nominated me for the Senate in 1872. Then I was a black-haired youth. To day I stand before you with gray hairs. Yes, I have grown gray, fighting the battles of Democracy for you, and if now you see fit to chop my political head, I have a dying request to make of you. Put on my political tombstone, "He died a white man and fighting for the white man's cause." Some say that this commission question will be the rock on which the Democratic party will split. Well, if this is so, then we have come where the roads divide, and if the party splits there is no doubt on which side I shall go, it will be on the white man's side.

[See our answer to the above on second page.—EDITOR.]

BAD NEWS.

The Sampsonians Have Got the Blues Because There are No Blues.

D. B. Nicholson, Esq., who came up yesterday to be present at the meeting of the Democratic State Executive Committee, tells us that the outlook for a crop of Sampson BLUES is very poor, and that in consequence there is great mourning in the State of Sampson. He tells us that the crop of corn, cotton and rice are excellent, but that nothing compensates a Sampsonian for the loss of his whortleberries.—Raleigh State Chronicle.

Wrong, Brother. We never worry over so small a thing as a whortleberry. We have too many other things to be proud. —ED.

A PREDICTION.

There is a track from every section of North Carolina that leads to the highest distinction that any of her sons can attain—the Executive or Governor of our State. Durham has furnished the Carr that is heading that way and when the constitutional time allotted our present Governor expires, this Carr will arrive in Raleigh and go into quarters for four years.—Daily Raleigh Chronicle. J. J. T.

Virginia's first woman physician is Mrs. C. L. Haynes, who has recently been elected assistant physician at the Western Lunatic Asylum after passing a successful examination before the State Medical Board.

"FRANKLIN" COMES TO "K'S" RELIEF AND ASKS THE EDITOR SEVERAL QUESTIONS.

The Questions are Easily Answered.

MR. EDITOR:—As you were unwell this week and pressed with a multiplicity of other matters you handed me the following communication, requesting me to answer the various questions asked therein. For convenience we have written our answer immediately after each one of the questions:

FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP,
June 9th, 1890.

EDITOR CAUCASIAN,

Dear Sir: In your issue of June 5th I see an article, editorially, "Answer to K," in which you say K "took a clipping, &c., for a pretext to appear in print on the Railroad Commission," and you give K. a sound thumping for leaving the text given him by the editor and straying into legalities. I suppose that both the editor and K desire the public to pass upon this subject and in order that I, as one humble member of that public, so dear to every political heart, may understand the true issue to be submitted, beg to ask you a few questions suggested by your article, with the hope that your replies will be responsive to the spirit and letter of these questions and not subject to the charge of "sophistry" or an "intention to mislead the public.

To call your attention to the parts, I quote from your article. "A commission would stand as a vigilance committee not only to see that the law was executed and that there was no discrimination, but also to report charges that were too high."

"What authority or legal power would the commission have to enable it to do this?"

Answer—A Railroad Commission would have just such authority and legal powers as the Legislature in its wisdom should confer upon it. Beyond doubt the Legislature could frame a bill that would confer unjust and unwise powers upon the commission. And they could also frame one that would be constitutional and of great advantage to the country.

2nd, "What Law would it inforce?"

Answer—Such laws now existing or which may hereafter exist or come within its jurisdiction. The question is absurd. As well object to Magistrates and ask what law they would enforce.

"When and how would it enforce the law"?

Answer.—As to the "when" our friend "Franklin" is exceedingly ignorant for a lawyer. When a law is enacted a clause is usually added to the effect that "this act shall be in force from and after its ratification" or the act itself fixes the date upon which it shall go into operation. If nothing is said as to when the act shall take effect, the Code, section 2862, provides that it shall, in that case, go into effect thirty days after the adjournment of the Legislature. As to how the Commission would enforce the law we suppose they would do so with fairness to the people as well as to the rail roads and just here is the secret of the great kick which the rail roads are making, through their paid attorneys, against the Commission. They remind us of the Irishman who employed a lawyer to defend him for Larceny.

The lawyer told his client that he would see that he got justice. The Irishman replied: "Don't do that; faith that's just what I don't want." A fair Commission is just what the railroads don't want.

4th. "Would the Commission go into the law courts or would these matters be tried before the Commission as a vigilance committee?"

Answer—The bill creating the Commission would provide for the manner of its operation. We may suppose that questions of law would be tried and determined by the Commission itself with the right of appeal to the Supreme Court. Should issues of fact arise in any case, proper to be tried by a jury, the Commission would frame issues covering the disputed facts and send them to the Superior Court of any county most convenient to the witnesses, and there the case would be tried, just like any other case, by a jury. What could be fairer than this? A similar practice prevails in cases tried before the clerks of the Superior Courts, and such was the practice in the old equity courts.

5th. "If tried before the committee would a jury trial be given?"

Answer—A jury trial would be given for all issues of fact, according to the method indicated under the fourth question, or in any other manner which the Legislature in its wisdom might provide.

6th. "Is not a trial by jury guaranteed by the Constitution of our State to every one in the trial of every question involving either personal liberty, personal security, or the enjoyment of private property?"

Answer—The Constitution, Article I, sec. 13, provides that "no person shall be convicted of any crime but by the unanimous verdict of a jury of good and lawful men in open court."

Section 19, Article I, provides that "in all controversies at law respecting property the ancient mode of trial by jury is one of the best securities of the rights of the people and ought to remain sacred and inviolable." Issues of fact are tried by a jury as we have before explained and issues of law are tried by the judge and would be tried under the Commission bill by the Commissioners. No one proposes to deny to railroads the right to a jury trial.

7th. "Who would constitute this Commission and how elected?"

Answer—We are not in the prophesying business and cannot possibly tell who will constitute the Commission. We suggest that "Franklin" turn a cup, as we have seen old women do, and try to find out by looking in that. The first set of commissioners would probably be appointed by the Legislature and after that elected by the people.

8th. "What would be the cost of the commission annually, and who would pay it?"

Answer—We suppose there would be three commissioners with a salary of about $2,000 each. This would make $6,000, and perhaps a clerk for about $1,000 and incidental expenses. A very efficient commission need not cost more than $15,000 annually. The cost would of course be paid primarily by the State, but the fines and penalties collected from the railroads for violation of the law, &c., would go into the State Treasury, and in our opinion would much more than defray the cost of the commission, so that the tax which the railroads would be compelled to pay would be clear gain to the State. The gain might be applied to the education of the people so that the corporation could not befool and oppress them as they have in the past.

9th. "How could the Commission know there was no discrimination?"

Answer—The proper form of the question is: How could the Commission know there was discrimination? Those injured by the discrimination would make complaint. The Commission could compel a system of published rates from which every man could know what he ought to be charged and if more was charged he could recover damages with such suitable fines and penalties as the law might impose. The same objection might be made against having any laws for the punishment of crime.

10th. "To whom would the reports be made when charges were too high, and would the Commission's say so be final as to what were too high?"

Answer—The report would be made to the Commission or any member thereof. Doubtless there would be proper legislation fixing freight and passenger rates or at least indicating the principles upon which such rates would be fixed, and such a "say so" would be final and be no greater hardship upon the railroads than is the "say so." "thou shalt not steal."

"Franklin" now proceeds as follows:

"These questions all seem to me to be absolutely necessary ones in passing upon this issue by the people, and I confess suggest a number of others equally difficult for me to solve, but I do not wish to make my enquiries so lengthy that this article may go into the waste-basket instead of the paper. I hope the editor can find both time and space to answer these questions fully for I am fully satisfied that the question of transportation is one of vital importance to two classes of every community, viz: the farmer and the merchant, and I am also satisfied that there is now and always has been discrimination in favor of some and against others, not alone by the Railroad, but almost every one—these are sometimes intended and sometimes accidental—as an illustration, Mr. Editor, Do you candidly believe K. has has a railroad? or that he knows

[Continued from Second Page.]

THE CAUCASIAN.

Entered according to Postal Laws at Clinton, N. C., as second class mail matter.

CLINTON, N. C.--JUNE 19, 1890.

ANSWER TO KERR'S DEFENSE.

Have you read Senator Kerr's defense, in another column, of his course in the last Legislature? If not stop right here and read it before reading what we have to say.

* * * * * *

Well, now you have read it, what do you think of it? He claims to have desired the attention of reasonable men, but if ever there was an appeal to the prejudices and emotions of men, he has made it in this speech. Now, my reader, if you are a reasonable man, one that is posted and thinks for yourself, you see in that speech more statements called facts, that are NOT FACTS than you have ever before seen in a speech of the same length. To answer all his statements would take as much space as his speech occupies, for nearly everything that he said is a mistatement and can be refuted. So we will simply take up and refute what he seems to consider his strong points, in this issue. But we agree with him in somethings, for instance when he said that railroads were bound to have attorneys to look after their interests. That probably is so, but that very fact disqualifies a railroad attorney for taking charge of the people's interests. Now if he is true to his corporation, he cannot be true to the people, if he is true to the people he true to the corporations. A man cannot serve two masters, God and mammon.

He says that he will never vote for a commission. We believe this, that is, as long as he remains a railroad attorney, because they pay him better than the people do, but where the rub comes is that his value to the railroad as an attorney, and therefore his pay from them, depends upon the people placing him in a position to be of value to the corporations. But when he says that he never received any instructions from the Alliance to vote for a commission, we do not believe him. There was such a petition and we signed it as President of the County Alliance, certifying that it was unanimously passed by a body representing 1,600 citizens of the county. I instructed the County Secretary to forward copies of the petition to Raleigh for Messrs. Kerr, Stevens and Murphy. I was in Raleigh soon after the petitions were sent. Messrs. Stevens and Murphy had gotten their copies, for I saw them, and it is reasonably certain that Mr. Kerr got his copy. The fact that such a resolution was passed was published officially in THE CAUCASIAN, and the paper went to Mr. Kerr while in Raleigh, But if he had never see the petition nor the paper he knew that such a resolution had been passed, and we challenge him to deny it. In fact he admitted that he knew it, in a discussion in the Senate with Mr. Willis R. Williams, of Pitt.

Mr. Kerr says that from 1790 to 1868 that the word railroad was not in the Constitution, and that in his speech against the Commission in the Senate that he made the wonderful discovery, and that Judge Strong and Col. Fuller thanked him for the information. They thanked HIM for the information indeed! The idea is absurd. If they did thank him, it was to ridicule him. How could the word railroad be in the Constitution when there was not a railroad in the world in 1790. Now he says that on account of that fact a commission cannot regulate regulate the railroads built before 1868. With the best lawyers, jurists and legislators in the State, who are not Railroad attorneys, to back me, I say that this is not so. If the old Constitution gave no power to the Legislature to regulate railroads, then it gave that body no power to legislate them into existence, and their charters are null and void. The power to legislate carries with it the power to review such legislation and regulate the results of such legislation. Judge Cooley is high authority, and this is what he lays down in his "Constitutional Limitations."

Mr. Kerr says, "I stand here and dare any one to contridict me when I say that the Commission is doing damage in Georgia," Now we think that the people of Georgia know more about their affairs than Mr. Kerr does. We suppose that the Atlanta Constitution is good authority, at any rate Mr. Kerr said in his speech that it was, and here is what it said about the Commission in Georgia:

"The Georgia railroad commission was organized in 1877, and since that time the material interests of the State have been developed to a greater extent than ever before, and in a railway development Georgia has led the South. It is not necessary to claim that the commission is responsible for the wonderful material development of Georgia, or for the large additions to the railroad mileage of the State, but the facts show that the railroad policy of Georgia has not in any sense been an obstacle to the development of the State in any direction. On the other hand, it has prevented unjust discrimination against communities and individuals, and has saved to the people thousand of dollars. Meanwhile the roads have prospered and are paying dividends right along."

He says that the Commission is grinding the gizzard out of the people of Georgia. Now common sense will show us that this is untrue. Are the people of Georgia fools? Why don't the newspapers condemn it? Why don't the people petition the Legislature to repeal it? But for thirteen years they have done nothing of the kind. Why? The Atlanta Constitution gives the answer.

He says that passenger rates are higher in Georgia now than they were before the Commission, and higher than they are here. He says that the A roads charge 3 cents per mile, the B. roads 4 cents and the C roads 5 cents. That there are only two of the A roads and all the remainder are B and C. roads, therefore nearly everybody in Georgia has to pay four or five cents per mile to ride on a train. Now this is just the opposite of the facts, and if Mr. Kerr does not know it he should not try to talk about it. Let him turn to the last report of the Georgia Commission, at page 76, and count up the roads as they are classified. He will find that there are thirty-two roads (instead of two, as he said,) with 2 910 miles of road-bed, classified as the A roads, which are the cheap roads. He will find that there are only four of the B roads with 67½ miles of road-bed, and five of the C roads, with the pitiful sum total distance of 49½ miles of road-bed, while the Western & Atlantic railroad, 138 miles, which is longer by thirty miles than every B and C road in the State put together end and end, is allowed to charge only two and one-eighth cents per mile. These are facts taken from Mr. Kerr's own Bible, and if he wanted to do what was fair and honest, and he said he did, why did he not tell you these facts at Ingold and Clear Run on last Saturday?

He also said that the freight rates in Georgia are ½ higher than they were before the Commission was passed, and higher than they are here now. Now, my readers, that is a flare statement and he did not even try to prove it. Now I make the statement that it is not so, and I will prove it with facts quoted from Mr. Kerr's same Bible. What is the freight on a barrel of flour from Wilmington to Garland, on the C.F. & Y. V. railroad? (I take this point because the place where Mr. Kerr made his speech is nearer Garland than any other railroad station.) The freight is 26 cents per barrel. The distance is about 44 miles. Now let Mr. Kerr turn to page 116 of the 17th Report of the Georgia Commission and he will see that flour in the barrel is put down as class F. Then let him turn to page 72 and look in the schedule of "Standard Freight Tariff," and he will see that it costs only 14 cents in Georgia to carry a barrel of flour 44 miles.

Mr. Kerr says that the profits of the Wilmington & Weldon railroad is only 8 per cent. When he made that statement he did not know that we had in our possession the facts. We got the following facts from a stockholder of the road who is our friend and a friend to the people and therefore is in favor of a Commission. What are the facts? This person owns $200 of stock in the railroad. On this $200 he has drawn 8 per cent. annually, but this was not all the profits. This left a large surplus not yet distributed. What did the company do? To fool the people and to keep the people from knowing how large their profits were, they issued certificates of indebtedness to each stockholder to double the amount of his stock. In the case of my friend he got a certificate of indebtedness for $200 more, then proceeded to draw, and has done so every year, interest on $400, or just double the amount he had paid in. What made his $200 draw 16 per cent.? The net profits of this road last year was six hundred thousand dollars.

Now we have given facts and we make this statement and challenge Mr. Kerr to disprove it with facts. It is this: the freight rates in Georgia to-day are more than 15 per cent lower than they are in North Carolina.

Mr. Kerr says that the railroads want a Commission. Every one of my readers know that that statement will not hold water.

He says that there was no railroad lobby in Raleigh during the last Legislature and that the man who says so tells a lie. When he says this he gives the lie to hundreds of the best citizens of the State, and especially to the citizens of Raleigh who were there and know. Mess. D. B. Nicholson, W. E. Stevens, Josephus Daniels and others say that if the presence of Railroad attorneys using their influence for or against legislation concerning railroads constitutes a lobby, then there was a lobby, and we believe their statement.

That a Commission would drive all the convicts into the walls of the penitentiary and thereby saddle $250,000 more tax on the people of the State, is so absurd that we simply print the statement without comment, and leave Mr. Kerr and his statement to the ridicule of all thinking people.

That a Commission would cost $45,000 annually is another wild and reckless statement. No Commission properly managed could cost more than from ten to $15,000, and would save the people, according to the Atlanta Constitution, many thousands of dollars, over and above expenses. If Mr. Kerr objected to the Commission bill on account of the cost, then why did he vote against the Cook bill that would not cost the State a cent? Seventeen Democrats voted for both of these bills, but Mr. Kerr and eleven other Democrats voted with thirteen Republicans and defeated them.

He objected to the Commission bill on various trivial grounds, one was that a Republican would be on the Board. Why did he not offer an amendment to change this and other minor objections? In fact such an amendment was offered and we are informed that he voted against it. In short all this talk about his life work for the cause of Democracy and his great disgust for Republicans comes in rather bad taste from him.

He said that his last and greatest objection to a Commission was "that it would cause social equality." Such a statement is sublime demagogery. How can a legislature through a commission give the negro more rights and privileges than those guaranteed to him by the 14th amendment of the U. S. Constiution. Those rights so called, he has here now and in every State and no power save an amendment to the Constitution can give him any more; and if the Legislature had such a power the Commission bill could be just as easily as not so formed as to prevent it.

The negro rides in first-class cars here in this state now. I have seen them in palace cars and sleepers in this State.

That statement of Mr. Kerr's is the most absurd one that we have ever heard a sensible man make.

Now, in conclusion, we will say that if there is anything in Mr. K's speech, that any man believes, that we have not answered, we will take great pleasure in doing so.

The next Judicial Convention ought to renominate Judge Boykin by acclamation. If there ever was a man who deserved to be so honored in recognition of his sterling worth, ability and integrity it is Hon. E. T. Boykin. The State bench needs such men, and his services on the bench must be kept. All classes of people should be for him. He was born on a farm; spent his early life on a farm and is in full sympathy with the farmers in their efforts to assert their rights under the laws of the land. No one who knows him can doubt that he is, in accord with them in their struggles to repair their blighted fortunes. In all his public life, at the bar, in the legislature, as President of the State Senate, as Judge of the Superior Court, he has demonstrated his interest in and regard for the great toiling masses of mankind. He is their friend, and they are his friends. He is honest in his convictions, sincere in his friendship, bold and courageous in the expression of his views and always succeeds.

In our issue before the last we asked "K" a question relative to the profits of "his" railroads. He did not see fit to answer, but an anonymous writer, calling himself "Franklin," comes to "K's" relief, and asks the editor of this paper certain questions, we suppose with the intention to draw off attention from "K" and his position. Many of the questions were not only not to the point, but were really simple and meaningless. On this account and also in view of the fact that we were crowded for space, had been absent from our office three days, and also unwell and scarcely able to stay out of bed for a week, we were about to throw the communication in the waste-basket, when our friend, Mr. Cooper, stepped in We handed him the communication, asked him to answer if he saw fit and also to ridicule the simplicity of the questions as they deserved. This Mr. Cooper has done in a very effective manner. Read the communication and his reply in another column. We think that it will teach "Franklin" that it often takes more sense to ask a pertinent question than it does to answer it.

Senator Ingalls is making it hot for Postmaster Russell, of Richmond, Virginia, for closing the postoffice a few hours when everybody was off at the unveiling of the Lee Monument. That Mr. Russell used public funds for private use did not materially effect his standing with his party or he would never have been postmaster. Now to bring up this, as a heinous crime and offense to the government, which may cost him his office, is consistency in the extreme.

At the last Commencement of Wake Forest College, the degree of A. B. was conferred upon Miss Eva Bell Simmons, who is the first female graduate. She is a daughter of Professor Simmons of the College Faculty.

The Teachers' Assembly convened at Morehead City Tuesday last.

"Large fleas have little fleas, and these have less to bite'em; and these again have smaller fleas and so on ad infinitum."

"That motion is out of order," said the chairman of a political meeting, as he saw a rowdy raising his arm to throw an egg.

Alliance Department.

ALLIANCE NOTES, DISCUSSIONS AND THE DOINGS OF THE VARIOUS LODGES.

ATTENTION.

The County Alliance for Sampson will meet in Atkins' Hall in Clinton Friday July th 4th at 10 o'clock a. m. It will be necessary for the delegates to have the new Pass Word.

Respectfully and fraternally,
W. E. STEVENS, President.

The Wake County Alliance has simply voiced the sentiments and principles of the great Alliance order everywhere when it passed resolutions stating that there would be no attempt made by the Alliance in its lodges to nominate any candidate for any public office, but that every true Alliance man would attend the primaries and use his influence to have men nominated who would carry out the principles and demands of the order, and this should be done without regard to class or profession.

DEMANDS OF THE ALLIANCE.
Officially Promulgated by State President Elias Carr.

Whereas, The North Carolina Farmers' Alliance did, on its last regular meeting, on the 13th day of August, 1889, in the city of Fayetteville, set forth the following resolutions as the demands of the Alliance, to wit:

Resolved, With full confidence in the correctness of our position upon the question, we again demand of the General Assembly of North Carolina, the enactment of a railroad commission law, with full powers to the commissioners to regulate passenger and freight rates upon a just and reasonable basis, and with further power to investigate and take reasonable action with respect to damages or injuries to persons or property.

Resolved, That the North Carolina Farmers' State Alliance hereby enters its earnest protest against the policy of giving away the labor of our convicts, and demands of our Legislature the enactment of such laws as will hereafter prevent this outrage on the rights of the taxpayers of our State.

Resolved, That we demand such changes in our laws as will reduce the cost in litigation in minor causes, and as shall enlarge the jurisdiction of our justices of the peace.

Resolved, that we demand that laws shall be enacted to prohibit our public officials from receiving or using free passes or tickets on our railroads.

Whereas, The same having been submitted to and ratified by the requisite majority of the Subordinte Alliances, now, therefore, I, Elias Carr, by the authority vested in me as President of the North Carolina Farmers' State Alliance, hereby proclaim them officially the demands of said Alliance.

Given under our hand and seal this, the 4th day of June, A. D. 1890. ELIAS CARR,
Pres. N. C. F. S. A.

E. C. BEDDINGFIELD,
Sec'ty N. C. F. S. A.

The Farmers' Union, of Webster Parish, La., favor the creation of a Railroad Commission, and endorse the Governor in refusing to accept a gift of $100,000 from the Louisiana State Lottery.

The Farmers' Alliance is moving on and teaching its members the benefit of hanging together. Four-fifths of the country population of Illinois belong to it. In the Fifth Congressional District of Kansas the Alliance will nominate a candidate of its own for Congress

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The New York Star has an amusing anecdote on President Harrison's popularity with the negro of the South. An old colored divine of New Orleans was around soliciting subscriptions for his church. One of the most liberal contributors feeling himself unable to donate money gave instead one hundred steel engravings of President Harrison The negro much elated over his success proceeded to try to convert them into money. He managed to relieve himself of three of them by giving them away after offering them at a discount on the regular price of 25 per cent., the remaining 97 was used by himself for wall paper, and to save himself from the jeers of his congregation placed the face to the wall.

The Standard.

"I regard Hood's Sarsaparilla as having passed above the grade of what are commonly called patent or proprietary medicines," said a well known physician recently. "It is fully entitled to be considered a standard medicine, and has won this position by its undoubted merit and by the many remarkable cures it has effected, for an alterative and tonic it has never been equalled."

Druggist—"Try it again, sis. What was it your mamma told you to get?" Little girl (with another severe mental effort)—"I think it was 'I died of up sum.' I want a dime's worth."

"FRANKLIN" COMES TO "K'S" RELIEF AND ASKS THE EDITOR SEVERAL QUESTIONS.

The Questions are Easily Answered.

[Continued from First Page.]

what profits are made on a single road in the State on the sum total invested? I desire and think others wish to know how to manage and meet the question of transportation best.

Yours truly,
FRANKLIN."

We will now answer the question asked by "Franklin" just above which is this: "Do you candidly believe K. has a railroad or that he knows what profits are made by a single road in this State on the sum total invested?"

No, we do not think that "K." has a railroad but we do "candidly believe" that a railroad has "K." and that "K." is trying to get the vote of Sampson county, and if he gets that vote, then the railroads and corporations will have Sampson county.

Now, Mr. Editor, we have answered all of "Franklin's" questions in a manner that will be sure to satisfy any candid, fair minded reader, but we doubt whether such satisfactory answers will afford any gratification to "Franklin," for all thro' the list of questions, we have felt indeed the hairy hands of Esau, but the voice has sounded wonderfully like the mellow tones of Jacob. We flatter ourself that it has not been so difficult for us to answer this long string of questions as it was to "K" to answer the two simple questions asked by the editor of THE CAUCASIAN.

F. R. COOPER.

LEGISLATION BY CAUCUS.

The House of Representatives has ceased to be a deliberative body; possibly the Republican caucus is a deliberative body; it is a body outside of the laws and the Constitution; the House has ceased to deliberate, to debate, and merely registers the decrees of the caucus.

The majority doesn't govern in the House; at best it is only the majority of the majority that governs. There are indications that it is the minority of the majority that governs. The proceedings of the Republican caucus on the silver bill raises a good deal of doubt whether even the majority of the Republicans favored the bill But the bosses of the Republican side of the House decided that the bill should go through, and it went. What a shameful exhibition of Republican bossship it was when even a Republican, Judge Payson, was compelled to say in the House that he would vote for the bill because he had assurances that it would be changed in the Senate, and admitted that the Republican opponents of the bill had been dragooned in to supporting it by saying that he was confident of the Senate's action because their was no previous question there. The Senate has not ceased to be a deliberative body. The Speaker recognized selected Republicans to offer amendments to the bill. He refused to recognize any Democrat who desired to offer an amendment

The two most important bills of this session were the tariff bill and the silver bill. Both were put through the House in the same way. The tariff bill was passed when three-quarters of it had not been considered. Every item in the bill is a law effecting the rights of property; three-fourths of these items were passed in bulk without a moments consideration. A large number of amendments, many of them framed by Republicans, were never submitted to the House.

A few years of Reed and the present Republican House of Representatives and Government of the people, by the people and for the people, would perish from the United States. —National Democrat.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Peculiar

Many peculiar points make Hood's Sarsaparilla superior to all other medicines. Peculiar in combination, proportion, and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses the full curative value of the best known remedies of the vegetable kingdom. Peculiar in its strength and economy—Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine of which can truly be said, "One Hundred Doses One Dollar." Medicines in larger and smaller bottles require larger doses, and do not produce as good results as Hood's. Peculiar in its medicinal merits, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures hitherto unknown, and has won for itself the title of "The greatest blood purifier ever discovered." Peculiar in its "good name at home,"—there is now more of Hood's Sarsaparilla sold in Lowell, where it is made, than of all other blood purifiers. Peculiar in its phenomenal record of sales abroad, has no other preparation ever attained such popularity in so short a time, and retained its popularity and confidence among all classes of people so steadfastly.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Peculiar to Itself

Do not be induced to buy other preparations, but be sure to get the Peculiar Medicine,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

A. S. COOK. JAS. T. WEBER.
Established 1855.

A. S. COOK & Co.,
COMMISSION DEALERS IN
FRUITS AND PRODUCE,
POULTRY AND GAME,
110 Warren Street,
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Stencils or further information will be furnished by calling on Capt. W. L. Faison, Clinton, N. C. my22—1m

G. W. JUDD,
No 145 West street,
NEW YORK,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Shipments of Vegetables and Fruits solicited.
REFERENCE: North River Bank, New York.
For Stencils or further information apply to
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SHIPPERS OF TRUCK
Will find it to their interest to make all shipments to
G. FURMAN & CO.
NEW YORK.
Wm. A. Johnson will pay CASH for all checks WITHOUT exchange.
Don't be deceived by unknown parties.

Stencils Furnished on Application.
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T. H. PARTRICK & BRO.,
Representing
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Commission Merchants,
43 N. Market Street,
BOSTON.
Shipment of Truck solicited. Call and get a Stencil.
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W. L. FAISON,
Representing
STIMPSON & LITTLEFIELD,
Commission Merchants,
Boston, Mass.
Shipments of Fruits and Vegetables solicited.
Stencils furnished on application.
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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



WILMIGTON & WELDON R. R. and Branches.

Condensed Schedule

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED May 10, '90.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 27. Fast mail. Daily.	No. 41. Daily. ex. Sun.
Lv Weldon.	12 30 p m	5 43 pm	6 00 am
Ar Rock Mt.	1 46 "	.....	7 10 "
Ar Trboro,	*2 30 "	.....	
Lv Trboro,	10 20 "	.....	
Ar Wilson,	2 20 "	7 00 pm	7 48am
Lv Wilson,	*2 30 "	.....	
Ar Selma	3 40 "	.....	..
Ar Fayettevil	6 00 "	.....	
Lv Goldsboro,	3 15 "	7 40 pm	8 35am
Lv Warsaw,	4 10 "	.....	9 34 "
Lv Magnolia,	4 24 "	8 40 "	9 49 "
Ar Wilmingt'n	5 50 "	9 55 "	11 20 "

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 14. Daily.	No. 78. Daily.	No. 40. Daily ex Sunday.
Lv Wilmingt'n	12 01 am	9 00 am	4 pm
Lv Magnolia,	1 21 "	10 34 "	5 36 "
Lv Warsaw		10 48 "	5 58 "
Ar Goldsboro,	2 23 "	11 45 "	6 53 "
Lv Fetteville		*8 40 "	
Ar Selma		11 00 "	
Ar Wilson		12 10 "	
Lv Wilson	3 03 "	12 37pm	7 47p.m
Ar Rocky Mt.		1 10 "	8 18 "
Ar Tarboro		*2 30 "	
Lv Tarboro		10 20 am	
Ar Weldon	4 30 "	2 45 pm	9 30 "

*Daily except Sunday.

Train on Scotland Neck Branch leaves Weldon 3 14 p. m., Halifax 3 37 p m; arrives Scotland Neck at 4 25 p. m., Greenville 6 10 p. m. Returning leaves Greenville 7 20 a. m., Halifax 10 10 a. m., Weldon 10 30 a m. daily except Sunday.

On Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Local Freight leaves Weldon 10 30 a. Halifax 11 30 a. m., Scotland Neck 2 00 p. m. Arriving Greenville 5 10 p. m. Returning leave Greenville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 9 30 a. m., Scotland Neck 1 00 p. m., Halifax 3 35 p. m. Arriving Weldon 4 00 p. m.

Train leaves Tarboro, A. C., via Albemarle & Raleigh railroad, daily except Sunday, 4 05 p. m., Sunday 3 00 p. m., arrive Williamston, N. C., 6 30 p. m., 4 20 p. m., Plymouth 7 5)p. m., 5 20 p. m. Returning leaves leaves Plymouth, daily except Sunday, 6 00 a. m., Sundzy 9 00 a. m, Williamston 7 10 a. m., 9 58 a. m., arrive Tarboro 9 30 a. m., 11 20 a. m.,

Train on Midland, N. C., branch leaves Goldsboro, daily except Sunday, 6 00 a. m. arrive Smithfield, 7 30 a m. Returning leaves Smithfield, 8 00 a. m., arrive Goldsboro, 9 30 a. m.,

Train on Nashville branch leaves Rocky Mt, at 3 00 p. m., arrives Nashville 3 40 p. m., Spring Hope 4 15 p. m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 10 00 a. m., Nashville 10 35 a. m., Rocky Mount 11 15 a. m., daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for clinton, daily, except Sunday, 6 00 p. m., and at 11 10 a m; Returning will leave clinton at 8 20 a m and 3 10 p m, connecting at Warsaw with Nos 41 and 40, 23 and 78

Southbound train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No, 51, Northbound is No, 50, Daily except Sunday

Train No 27, South, will stop only at Wilson Goldsboro and Magnolia

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North, daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily, except Sunday via Bay Line

All trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleeper attached

JOHN F DIVINE, Gen'l Supt.
J R KENLY, Supt Trans,
T M EMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN IMMENSE STOCK

Of New Goods for Spring and Summer!

BARGAINS ALL THROUGH THE HOUSE!

The latest designs in Black Silk Lace and Netting for dresses, Cashmeres, Henriettas, Nun's Veiling, Albatrose, Serge, Brilliantеens and Challies.

Sateens and Outing Cloths.

Ginghams at 6 cents and 8 cents per yard.

Figured Lawns at 5 cents per yard.

Full line of Dress Trimmings, plain and fancy Surah Silk, China Silks, Moire Silks. Velvets and Gimp in all shades to match dress goods.

Special attention is called to our White Goods.

Hamburg Embroideries 25 per cent lower than elsewhere.

These goods were bought at a Bargain and *we are giving our customers* the benefit of it.

Entirely new line of Parasols and Umbrellas, in Gold an Oxidized Silver handles, at $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75.

Cashimers and Cottonades, for men and boys.

You know we are headquarters for New York Mills Cottonades.

The latest Styles in Men' Hats.

Boys, you should see our New Shape Straw Hat. It is the very latest out.

Our Gent's Furnishing Goods Department is more complete than ever, and we can fit you out from head to foot.

Fancy Flannel Shirts will be worn more than ever this season, and we have a beautiful line of them at prices to suit everybody—45 cents, 50 cents, 75 cents, $1.00, $1.35, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.

Boys don't miss seeing our 25 cent Scarfs. They are the handsomest you ever saw.

SHOES! SHOES!!

Ladies' Misses' and Children's Russett and Tan Oxford Ties at 75 cents, 90 cents, $1.00. These are the *Fashionable Slippers* of the season, and as every young lady will wear them we suggest that our store is the place to get them.

The Bijou is still the race! Our sales on this shoe is simply wonderful, and we believe that it is the best $2.00 Shoe ever sold in Clinton.

Our stock of other shoes is large and varied, and you can always find what you want here.

Crockery, Glassware, Stand Lamps, Library and Wall Lamps.

Hammocks, Fishing Tackle, Trunks, Valises, Grip Bags and Straps.

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Straw Matting, Rugs, &c.

Window Curtains, Shades, Cornice poles and Window fixtures of all kinds.

Large and complete stock of Hardware, Sash Doors and Blinds.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass and Putty.

GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is at all times full and complete—fresh goods and *prices as low as the lowest.*

Try our Blended Tea for *Ice Tea.* It is excellent goods and we know you will like it. Packages ¼ to ½ pound and 1 pound

Come in, get our prices and save money!

An inspection of goods and prices does not incur any obligation to buy.

Respectfully,

A. F. JOHNSON & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHAMPION FOOD



Cures Hog Cholera
FATTENS HORSES.

And cures diseases resulting from indigestion and overwork,
Increases the yield of milk from Cows and improves the quality.
We have hundreds of certificates from rehable persons, all over the country, to prove above.
IT IS SURE!
IT IS INEXPENSIVE!
IT IS NO HUMBUG!
IT IS INVALUABLE TO THE FARMER!
If you have a sick beast buy a pound and try it.
We have three testimonials, and can furnish any number on application to any one of the agents.

SANFORD, S. C., August 3rd, 1889
Messrs. J. C. Stevenson & Taylor, wilmington, N. C.
DEAR SIRS:—we have been using "Champion Food" for twelve months and find that it does all that is claimed for it. It improves the general condition of stock and will cure Hog Cholera. we feed it to our stock regularly and would not do without it.
J. R. ALLSBROOK

LAURINBURG, N. C., Sept. 17th, 1889.
Messrs. J. C. Stevenson & Taylor, wilmington, N. C.:
DEAR SIRS:—After using the half barrel "Champion Food" purchased of you we can readily say that it has fulfilled every representation made for it so far as we have tried it. In no instance has it failed to benefit stock fed on it. we can particularly recommend it for milch cows, calves and colts. we regard it as the best of all food on the market. Send us another half barrel.
Yours Truly,
ALEX. McKINNON & CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 10th, 1889.
Messrs. J. C. Stevenson & Taylor:
GENTLEMEN:—The "Champion Food" you sold us has been given a fair trial, it is a success, and we are glad to add testimony to its worth. when fed to our horses we find it aids digestion, creates an appetite and the animal improves at once; it is a great conditioner, and a trial will prove its value. we have fed it to our cows and with them also it has proved a great digestive, both the flow and the quality of the milk has improved, the per centage of increase we cannot yet positively state. The food does all you claim in the line of tests we have made; we shall continue its use and advise all the owners of stock to give it a trial.
T. J. SOUTHERLAND.

W. A. JOHNSON, Agent,
Clinton, N. C.
J. C. STEVENSON & TAYLOR,
oct 24-tf Agents for N. Carolina.

W. T. WILLIAMSON'S
BUGGY AND CARRIAGE FACTORY,
IN NEW QUARTERS ON FAYETTEVILLE ST.



Round Shaves, Hacks and all Edge Tools made, and Repairing done on short notice.
I will keep on hand a large lot of Western Buggies (open and top) and Roads Carts. They will equal in quality and are sold as low as any like goods in Goldsboro, Fayetteville or Wilmington.
Respectfully,
mch28-tf W. T. WILLIAMSON.

DO YOU WANT A NEW PIANO

We unhesitatingly pronounce the
Ivers & Pond PIANO
the finest and most reliable in the world. Five newly patented inventions used in these pianos only.
Call at our store and examine the new **Soft Stop** which saves pianos from wear while practising and makes tone inaudible to all outside of room. A wonderful invention.
H. MILLER & CO.
Goldsboro, N. C.

CIDER.

HEADQUARTERS FOR BEST PEACH AND APPLE CIDER,
(Corner of Elm and R. R. Street.)
SWEET AND HARD CIDER always on hand. In addition to this pleasant and healthy drink, I keep
Tobacco, Snuff,
Flour, Potash,
Candies, Soda,
and Pea-Nuts
which are sold at lowest prices for cash.
600 Pipes, of all styles and sizes. Try one.
Respectfully,
THOS. GAUTIER.
je 21-1 yr.

SESSOM'S HOTEL,
ROSEBORO, N. C.
Special accommodations for the traveling public.
Regular boarders will also be taken.
MRS. J. M. SESSOMS,
my8—tf Proprietress.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE!
My House and Lot, situated on McKoy Street, Clinton, N. C., is for Sale.
Terms reasonable. Apply to
J. F. WOODARD,
my15-4t Warsaw, N. C.

MARVELOUS DISCOVERY **MEMORY**
Mind wandering cured. Books learned at one reading. Testimonials from all parts of the globe. Prospectus POST FREE, sent on application to Prof. A. Loisette, 237 Fifth Ave, New York.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ "Wants" and Business Notices can be inserted in this column at ten cents a line.

A fine lot of Crockery and Glassware just received at
B. F. POWELL'S.

Another lot of that fine Smoking Tobacco just received at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

150 barrels of that good Flour at the same price, just received at
J. H. ROYAL.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!! at the Racket Store, in White Dress Goods, Ladies' Hats and Ribbons. Call and see them.
MRS. M. E. PETERSON & CO.

Be sure and call on M. HANSTEIN for your Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Dry Goods, &c. He will give you more goods for a small sum of money than any other house this side of New York. All goods must be sold. Be sure to call on him.

"Point Lace" Flour for sale at
T. M. FERRELL'S.

JUST RECEIVED.
Another pretty lot of Millinery Goods and a late invoice of White Goods and solid color Satinets, at
MOORE & PARTRICK'S.

Our entire stock of Crockery and Glass is offered at cost
WM. A. JOHNSON'S.

I will continue to sell out my stock at cost, and at auction on each Saturday. Rare bargains going.
J. A. FERRELL.

If you want Flour cheap give T. M. Ferrell a call.

NOTICE!
I have just received two car loads of Marble at my Fayetteville Yard. Also two hundred small five dollar Head Stones for infants. Parties who are in need of work in my line will do well to write or call to see me at my works.
Respectfully,
CHAS. A. GOODWIN.

Index to New Advertisements.

Notice—J. C. Wright.
Notice—J. C. Wright.
Sale of Land—G. W. Crumpler.

PAID READING NOTICES.

☞ Cards and Reading Notices can be inserted under this head for 10 cents per line.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY.
We have in our hands for disposal three pieces of very desirable property. Those desiring to purchase will do well to call at our office.
THE CAUCASIAN
REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

We have given W. H. Stetson the exclusive sale of our celebrated Celluloid Lined Whips. Anybody buying these whips, and not proving satisfactory, by any fair usage, can return them and get value received.
LAY WHIP CO.

SUMMER ART SCHOOL.
I will open an Art School in Clinton next Monday, the 16th, to continue for four weeks. Those desiring to receive instruction will apply to
MISS SUDIE FAISON,
Clinton, N. C.

HOUSE AND LOT IN THE TOWN OF CLINTON FOR SALE.
I will sell my dwelling, six rooms, each with a fire place, and lot, on Presbyterian Church street. It has just been newly renovated and painted. A nice orchard on the lot and good out-buildings. For terms, apply to W. G. RACKLEY.

Attention, Sampson Light Infantry!

You are hereby commanded to appear at your armory on Friday, the 20th instant, at 4 o'clock P. M., for Special Drill. Every member of Company is expected to attend.
By order of Captain Commanding.
M. HANSTEIN,
First Sergeant.

NOTICE

To the Voters of Sampson County.

You are requested to meet at your respective township voting places on SATURDAY, the 28th of June, 1890, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing five delegates to a County Convention, to be held in Clinton on SATURDAY, the 5th day of July, 1890, for the purpose of sending delegates to the State, Congressional and Judicial Conventions.

Exception: The voters of Turkey township will hold their primary meeting on Saturday, June 21st, so as not to conflict with the Quarterly Meeting of Ten Mile church.
By order of Executive Committee.
E. W. KERR,
May 28th, '90. Chairman.

MARKETS.

CLINTON.

(Reported by A. F. JOHNSON & Co)

Corn, (new)	70
Peas,	80
Bacon,	8 to 12½
Chickens,	15 to 25
Eggs,	10
Beeswax	18 to 20
Butter,	20 to 25
Lard,	10 to 12½
Fodder,	75
Flour,	5 00 to 5 50
Hides,	03 to 04
Turpentine, (hard)	1 25
" (Virgin and Yellow Dip)	2 30
Cotton,	11

WILMINGTON.

Spirits Turpentine,	35 per gallon
Rosin, (strained)	1 10 per barrel
" (good strained)	1 15 per barrel
Tar,	$1 35 per barrel
Crude Turpentine, (Hard)	$1 25
" " (Virgin	2 70
Yellow Dip)	2 35
Cotton,	11½
Timber, per m..	3 00 to 15 00

LOCAL ITEMS:

—Why has "K" not answered the questions asked by "Hog-shearer"? He can't do it, is the natural conclusion.

—A Japinese concert by foreign talent assisted by the local talent of this place will be given in Atkins' Hall on Friday evening June 27th

—Rev. C. P. Jerome requests us to state that he cannot fill his appointment of at Johnson's Chapel on 4th Sunday but will preach at that place the 5th Sunday.

—A Teachers' Institute will be held in Clinton this year commencing on Monday Aug. the 18th The county Supt. af Public Instruction will be assisted by some one sent by the State Supt.

—Services in the Episcopal church by the Rev. Dr. Carmichel, on Sunday next, at 11 o'clock a. m. There will also be services in the Episcopal church to night at 8:30 o'clock by Rev. Mr. Arnold.

—The Shakespearean Club held its last meeting at the residence of Capt. W. H. Fowle. The next meeting will be held on the 4th Friday evening in June at the residence of Dr. A. M. Lee. The Play under discussion will be the comedy, "All's Well That Ends Well."

—Capt. W. L. Faison has placed upon our table another Irish potato of the early Rose variety that beats the record of last week. This one measurs 15 inches in circumference, is 6 inches in length, 4 inches in width, and weighs one pound six and a half ounces.

—Rev. O. P. Meeks preached on last Sabbath evening at the Baptist church on Home Missions. He showed the great need of Missionary work within our bounds and made a strong appeal for charity not only to begin at home but to stay at home as long as there was such a crying need for it.

—Rev. Junius Millard of Goldsboro, but a native of this county, preached as is reported a fine sermon in the Baptist church on Tuesday evening. His subject was, "Jesus as a man." We did not have the pleasure of hearing him but have heard many speak in very complimentary terms of his effort.

—Mr. Kerr, in his speech at Ingold Saturday, said that his last and greatest objection to a commission was that it would cause social equality between the whites and blacks. Now there is no paper that has more intelligent readers than THE CAUCASIAN, therefore such an absurd and rediculous statement as the above requires no answer at our hands. All intelligent people will laugh to scorn such clabberdash.

—The next Judicial convention for this district that meets in Kinston July 11th, will nominate a successor to Judge Boykin. Let Sampson countyturn out in full forceand secour distinguished countyman, E. T. Boykin, that young but able Jurist, who has no superior on the bench, nominated by a handsome voto. The township primaries to elect delegates to this convention and the Congressional convention will be held in this county on June the 20th. Let every good man turn out and send a strong delegation.

—We request Mr. Keer to publish in THE CAUCASIAN his appointments to speak on the Railroad Commission. We understand that he wishes some one to reply to him. We will take pleasure in doing so, and hope that he will not make any of his appointments to conflict with our appointments already published to deliver lectures. If he does do so there are others who will reply to him, and so there may be no doubt, we take the liberty of naming one who can and will reply to him, it is F. R. Cooper, Esq.

—Mr. "K." says that I refused to giving him space in my paper, when I said that he labored through two columns, "wasting our space and his time in trying to prove what no one ever doubted." Mr. "K." is mistaken. We simply meant to say that he wasted our space, because what he said was not pertinent to the question. Now we wish to say that Mr. "K." is welcome to any reasonable amount of space that he desires in which to defend himself, whether what he says is pertinent or not. We challenge Mr. "K." to say that we have ever refused him space in which to say anything that he has desired. We believe in giving every one a fair showing, and we have frequently and repeatedly offered him our columns in which to say to the public anything that he desired in defense of his course. That offer was made over a year ago and stands open now. In fact, he has a right to demand the space, for our paper is the organ of the County Alliance, and that powerful body of the yeomanry of your county has asked him to explain his course through the columns of this paper.

CONSUMPTIGN SURELY CURED.

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C.,
181 Pearl st., New York

A Personal Card.

On last Saturday E. W. Kerr, Esq. spoke at Ingold and Clear Run, defending his vote against the Railroad commission bill in the last Legislature. I asked Mr. Kerr about two weeks since if he objected to me reporting his speech. He said that he did not but would be glad to have me do so. I had an appointment to deliver a lecture on last Saturday, but got excused for the express purpose of reporting the speech; and it was generally understood that I would do. Upon reaching Ingold last Saturday Mr. Kerr objected to having his speech reported. I told him that I felt that it was my duty to report his speech, because my readers were all anxious to know what his defense was. He then asked me as a personal favor not to report it. I told him in the first place I would be in an awkward light, for my readers expected a report and it would appear to them that I was afraid to report his speech, meet his arguments and answer them, in the 2nd place he had no right to ask a personal favor about a matter of public interest. He said that he would not object to a report of his speech being published if the report did him justice. I told him that he should be reported fairly and that I would submit to him my report of his speech before publishing it, so that he might correct any errors that I might make, and further more that he should have as much space as he needed to reply to me. He answered that he would not read my report if I showed it to him. So I proceeded to report his speech which will be found in another column and I will let those who heard it be the judge as to its correctness. Upon reaching Clinton Saturday night I learned that some one had circulated the report that Mr. Kerr on the speech at Ingold challenged and defied me to answer and refute what he said in his speech and that I hung my head and refused when he got through to reply to him. This charge is an unmitigated falsehood. The man who told it can call upon me at my office. I had understood that there would be one or two gentlemen at Ingold to reply to Mr. Kerr, and I went in the capacity of a newspaper man to report for my paper and give my answer to him in type. And while Mr. Kerr made many statements that could be easily refuted, we did not reply to him then, for it was his day and his appointment and I had not been invited there to reply to him, but went to reply to him through the columns of my paper. But since things have taken this turn, I am now ready to meet him on the stump and reply to him, and I take this means of challenging him to inform me of his next appointment and inviting me to meet him.
MARION BUTLER.

Personals.

Mrs. T. H. McKoy is spending a few weeks in town.

We are sorry to learn that Mrs. Henry Chesnutt remains quite ill.

Dr. and Mrs. Carmachael, of Wilmington are visiting at Capt. W. L. Faison's.

Mr. Tommie Butler who has been in school at Bethel Hill, N. C., is home for the vacation.

Mrs. Anderson, left on Saturday for a visit to Mrs. G. W. Bingham, at Bingham School.

Rev. Neal L. Anderson, has received and accepted a call to the pastorate of the Presbyterian church at Marion, Ala.

W. E. Stevens, Esq., left Tuesday for Raleigh to attend a meeting of the Board of Agriculture which is in session this week.

E. W. Kerr, Esq., is in Raleigh attending the meeting of the Railway investigating committee, appointed by the last Legislature.

Miss Mamie Faison, of the Faculty Peace Institute, Raleigh, N. C., is home, where she will spend a part of the summer vacation.

The following young ladies are visiting at Mrs. Wm. H. Fowle's; the Misses Crump, of Suffolk, Va., and Misses Willie and Minnie Bumgardner, of Stanton, Va.

Dr. C. W. Corriher formerly a High school teacher of this county, recently graduated at the Jefferson Medical College, gave us a pleasant call a few days since.

Prof. G. W. Scotti of Suffolk, Va., arrived in town last night to assist in a Japinese concert to be given by the ladies of the Episcopal church on Friday the 27th for the benefit of the church

Appointments of The County Lecturer For Sampson.

Mr. Marion Butler, the County Lecturer of Sampson County Farmer's Alliance, will speak at the following times and places:

At 3 o'clock on Saturday June the 21st the County Lecturer will deliver a public address at Clear Run Alliance.

At the residence of M. O. Jackson, Esq., on Thursday, June the 26th, at 2 o'clock P. M.

At Hickory Grove Alliance, No. 1029, on Saturday, June 28th, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Those who are not members of the Alliance are specially invited to attend.

At Mingo Lodge, on Saturday, June the 28th, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Many Persons
Are broken down from overwork or household cares **Brown's Iron Bitters** rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.

All Through Sampson.

What Sampsonians are Doing and Saying.

☞ Send us the news from your township for this column. Every subscriber to this paper has a right and is requested to contribute items of news in "hes" neighborhood for this column. We will not publish your name unless you desire it. ☜

NEWTON GROVE.

Misses Vara Benton, Bettie West, Clyde Benton and Mr. E. B. Grantham, are attending the Teachers' Institute at Smithfield this week.

Died, the infant son of Mr. John Hudson, June 1st. Also, the infant child of Mr. Redden Underwood, June 2d.

Miss Martha West, from near Shady Grove, who has been spending some time with the Misses West, returned home Saturday.

Miss Lillie Williams is spending some time with friends and relatives near Fayetteville.

Miss Venie Bizzell, who has been teaching in Clement Model School, has returned home on vacation; also Mr. L. M. Underwood, who has been attending school at the same place, is at home enjoying holiday.

Mr. James R. Underwood left for Richmond some time ago.

The County Lecturer of the Farmers' Alliance delivered a publicad dress before the Newton Grove Alliance to-day, which was very forcible; also a very fine speech was made by W. S. Thomson.

Mr. James Crunanbery died on the first on June; aged about 80 years

Miss Flora Monk and Dr. C. H. Benton attended the concert, given by the school at Smithfield.

FLOS.

On last Thursday the people of Newton Grove had the pleasure of hearing the much esteemed Lecturer of the County Farmers' Alliance, Mr. Marion Butler. For nearly two hours he entertained a number of our farmers and members of other vocations with one of the most expressive and forcible addresses we have heard in many a day. How any fair minded man can fail to be a strong alliance man after hearing him is beyond my comprehension. In scathing terms he showed the theivery of monopoly and that the farmer's only hope was in organization and as a body demanding justice. Mr. W. S. Teomson, a prominent young attorney of the Clinton bar was called on and made a highly instructive and entertaining talk. He said that he believed that the sub-Treasury bill now before congress was the best measure that could be adopted for the immediate relief of the farmers. He declared himself in favor of abolishing the national banks. In closing he made a strong appeal in favor of a Railroad commisssou, and showed the falling of the position of those who appose it.
"WE."

LISBON.

Mr. Kedar Vann has potatoes vines three feet long in his field that sprouted from the potatoes left in the ground last year.

The State Chronicle.

Everybody in North Carolina knows the character of the State Chronicle published at Raleigh. It has always been a progressive, independent newspaper since its establishment seven years ago by Mr. Walter H. Page. Afterwards, under the editorship of the lamented Capt. Randolph A Shotwell, it had no superior as a bold, fearless, honest Democratic weekly. For more than four years now it has been under the management of Mr. Josephus Daniels, who has gathered around it the best talent in the State. Its circulation has grown rapidly until it now has the largest circulation ever attained by any political paper in Raleigh. It has gained that circulation:

1. By plain truth telling.
2. By printing the news and all the news.
3. By having convictions and expressing them without fear or favor.
4. By an earnest and aggressive championship of Democratic principles.
5. By standing by the rights of the people against any powers or corporations.

Recently the paper has been improved and gives its subscribers more matter every week than ever before. In order to place it in every family in the State the subscription price has been reduced to $1.25 per year. The management of the paper expects to add 5,000 new subscribers during the present year.
Send for sample copy. Address,
THE STATE CHRONICLE,
Raleigh, N. C.

An Editor's Faith.

The editor of the Advocate, published at Greenville, Ala., expresses his faith in S. S. S: "The good this preparation has accomplished is incalculable, and thusands of men and women that it has saved from an early grave to day rise up and bless the orginator, and those who placed it in their power to procure it. A number of our acquaintances have used this wonderful medicine to their great benefit, most of them to their perfect healing, and thier testimony has been given to the public that others like them may take the healing balm. We know that Swift's Specific (S. S. S. is no humbug, and can recommend it, and we do most heartily. The proprietors are genial, liberal and charitable, and have dond probably as much or more good than any other firm in the South. Read, reflect and be relieved."

☞ Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Drawer 3. Atlanta, Georgia.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? SHILOH'S VITALIZER is a positive cure. For sale by Dr. R. H. HOLLIDAY, Clinton, and W. P. KENNEDY, Warsaw, N. C.

MOUNT OLIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Closing Exercises of Mount Olive High School.

Nature could not have been more considerate in the bestowing of suitable weather, for the closing exercises of this worthy institution of learning.

Thursday evening last, a large concourse of visitors and patrons assembled in the Literary Hall, to listen to the speaker who was to address the Henry E. Shepherd Literary Society. Promptly at the hour Mr. Charles B. Aycock of Goldsboro, N. C., the chosen orator, escorted by Prof. E. E. Britton the principal of the school, followed by the members of the Society who seated themselves on the capacious stage. The exercises commenced by an instrumental trio, Misses Bessie Kornegay Bessie Williams and Katie Southerland, at the close of the same, President Frank Oliver advanced and in a very neat speech, introduced to the audience, Mr. Aycock whose subject was "Service is better than Gold." For near one hour this wonderful orator, entertained a large and intelligent audience in a manner that was most pleasing and instructive to all, from his very first words everybody caught the spirit of enthusiasm, and the speaker in harmony with hearers were taken from wit to eloquence and from wisdom to poetry, painting all with a touch that has placed him at the front of public speakers. It is impossible to give an outline of this speech, we have never gathered so much real fruit from a speech of forty minutes, in our life, and the audience were loud in their praise of his words so fitly spoken, and congratulate Prof. Britton in the wise selection, as well as the members of the Society who displayed such ripe judgement in the speaker. We are ever glad to welcome this favored son, and shall delight to honor him for the diligent endeavor he has always shown in honoring his friends when called on to serve them in any capacity where the elevation and betterment of the human race is in question. Men, such as C. B. Aycock are in great demand and we trust that our people will not be slow in recognizing this fact, at the close of this address an instrumental solo by Miss Daisy Marable, "Beethoven's Moon light Sonata," was rendered in a very artistic manner.

As the music ceased, Miss Julia McGee, a young and captervating Miss, of about fourteen summers, stepped forward and in beautiful language presented the orator, Mr. Aycock, with a handsome boquet of flowers, the speech was so appropriate and words so well chosen, and the delivery so graceful and sweet, the gentleman for once almost became dazed and the awful silence that reigned was distressing, but soon his mind gained mastery and the thanks for the beautiful flowers were tendered in such a way as to bring down the house. Thus ended the first evenings entertainment.

Friday morning at 10 o'clock the Trustees, R. J. Southerland, J. F. Oliver, H. W. McKinne and D. J. Aaron, Revs. Dr. Marable, and Abernathy all occupied places on the stage with the principals of the school.

Prayer by Dr. Marable after which, song and chant by pupils. "The morning call." At the close of the beautiful song, Mr. Joe Robinson of the Argus, in a very good speech introduced Col. Thos. W. Strange of Wilmington the annual orator whose subject "Your Future Life" was delivered in a manner that was highly entertaining, and rich in wisdom, and advice. By almost a unanimous voice it was decided to be the best speech of this character ever delivered here. We refer our readers to a synopsis of same. At the close of oration another instrumental duett "Tancredi overture," by Mrs. Britton and Miss Jennie Williams. At the close of the music little Laura Faison, about eleven years old, came forward and presented the speaker with flowers and in a manner that captivated the speaker and audience. It was done in an admirable manner and the young Miss is to be congratulated, for the excellent manner in which she performed her duty, the way in which she acted would have done great credit to one of the mature age. She was deliberate and composed and her well chosen words were effective. Of course Col. Strange met the occasion with feeling and appropriations. We embrace the report of the school regarding those who took honors.

The school evidenced thorough training, and the patrons all are highly pleased with the progress shown, and by the unanimous voice of the board of Trustees, Prof. Britton was elected for another year. It is but proper to say that in his wife he has one of the most thorough music teachers in the State, and the work of his assistant in the Primary Department evinced thorough work. All praise Miss Jones who has aided Prof. Britton during this term.

We were pleased to see so many visitors here, and sorry our accommodations in the Hall were not equal to the occasion. Then all went away pleased. There are many improvements that will be made during the coming term, and our people should patronize the school in a hearty manner. Everything will be done to advance the intellectual training of the scholars. It is the intention of the citizens through the aid of Prof. Britton to make this school one of the best of its scope in the State, and if our people will aid in sustaining it, we will prove it, we have the teachers, give us the pupils.

ANNUAL REPORT AND ROLL OF HONOR FOR THE YEAR BY PRINCIPAL.

Music Department, Mrs. Ed. E. Britton, Principal.

1st class—Daisy Marable, Jennie Williams, Katura Southerland, and Bessie Williams.

2nd class—Bessie Kornegay, and Estelle Westbrook, Presentation of books by D. J. Aaron.

Literary Department—Books Presented by members of Board, Revs. Abernathy and Marable, Col. Strange and Britton. Books only to 1st Honor pupils.

First class—1st Honor—Du Brutz English; 2nd Honor—Wooten Oliver 3rd Honor—Sudie Hall.

Secondclass—1st Honor—Julia Holmes; 2nd Honor—Claude Abernethy.

Third class—1st Honor—Bessie Hankins; 2nd Honor—Bessie Williams; 3rd Honor—Herbert Marable.

Fourth class—1st Honor—Bessie Kornegay; 2nd Honor—Leroy Aaron; 3rd Honor—Laura Faison.

Preparatery class—1st Honor—Miss Fannie Lambert; 2nd Honor—Miss Lelia Aaron; 3rd Honor—Eliza Holmes.

Sophomore class—1st Honor—Miss Janie Thomson; 2nd Honor—Miss Jennie Williams; 3rd Honor—Miss Annie Summerlin.

Advanced class—1st Honor—R. M. Williams.

For Perfect Examination, Miss Roberta English, who obtained 100 per cent on all studies in examination.

Instrumental Duett—William Tell. Overture—Misses Maggie Bridgers and Daisy Marable.

Benediction by Rev. Mr. Abernethy.

FRIDAY NIGHT, ANNUAL CONCERT.

Entrance of pupils with song, "Singing cheerily."
Salutatory—Eric Abernethy.
Song by school—"Trepping Together."
Instr. Trio—"Oberon Pantasie," Mrs. Britton, Misses Marable and Bridgers.
Concert Sectitation—"In the Morning" Pupils of Primary Class.
Essay—"Home," Miss Annie Summerlin.
Concert Recitation—"Academy Bells," Pupils of Preparatory class.
Song by school—"You never miss the water till the well runs dry."
Intr. Duett—"Musket Galop" Misses Estelle Westbrook and Bessie Kornegay—Violin accompaniment
Recitation—"Marco Bozzaris" William Kornegay.
Character Recitation—"Little Housewives" Girls of 3rd class.
Vocal Solo—"Not Before Pa, Dear" Miss Lizzie Faison.
Instr. Duett—"Fairy Queen Galop" Misses Jennie Williams and Keture Southerland.
Motion Song—"See the Clock" Pupils of Primary and Intermediate Departments.
Recitation—"The Ship on Fire" Miss Lelia Aaron.
Essay—"Is Poverty a Curse," Miss Roberta English.
Instr. Solo—"The Banjo," Miss Daisy Marable.
Recitation—"Last Days of Herculaneum," Miss Fannie Lambert.
Instr. Duett—"I Dolce Concents," Mrs. Britton and Miss Bessie Williams.
Recitation—"The Legend of the Organ Builder," Miss Ketua Southerland.
Song by school—"The Bird Caroe."
Vocal Solo—"Judeth," Miss Annie Southerland.
Wand Drill—Pupils of Primary and Intermediate Departments.
Recitation—"Rock of Ages" Miss Bessie Kornegay and Bessie Williams.
Instr Triy—"Canary Schottish" Misses E. Westbrook, B. Williams and B. Kornegay—Violin accompanment.
Dumb Bell Drill—Pupils of Preparatory class.
Valedictory—Miss Janie Thomson.
Remarks by Principal Britton about opening school—Deplomas, Course of study &c.
Song by school—"Merrily over the Sea."

Personal Mention.

Miss. Maggie Hargrove is visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. Ed Smith and children are visiting relatives and friends.

Miss. Ella Brown of Warsaw spent a few days with Mrs. D. J. Aaron.

Mr. Robt. Williams has been indisposed but is able to be out again.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Eason are at Jas. Kelley's. Mr. Eason has a fine horse.

Miss Annie Hufham is spending some time with the family of her Uncle Dr. B. F. Marable.

Miss Lulie Miller, of Goldsboro made a short visit here last week to her friend Miss Lola Davis.

Miss Mary Hicks returned home Wednesday of last week from Statesville, where she has been attending school.

Mr. Crocker the Baptist Minister is with us. He enters upon the charge of this church, we wish him much success.

Misses Sallie Davis of Seven Springs and Rena Hollowell and Stella Parker of Goldsboro are visiting friends here.

Miss Anna Herring and her brother Matt, of Clinton, were visiting in this section last week. Mr. Matt seems to have a special fondness for visiting Mt. Olive(?).

Rob Southerland is home again from Davidson College, spending his vacation. Rob is universally popular, and everybody was pleased to see him again.

Prof. and Mrs. Britton left Tuesday, Mrs. Britton goes to Wilson to visit her parents, and the Prof. to Morehead to speak at the meeting of the Teachers' Assembly.

We were pleased to see and shake the hand of Dr. J. D. Hufham, one of the brightest and best men in North Carolina, who paid his brother-in-law, Dr. Marable a short visit last week.

NEW DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS.

At the Mammoth
Grocery AND Hardware Establishment
OF CLINTON,

Is the place where every one should go to select what he needs.

I buy in large quantities for cash and discount all my bills, therefore I can sell cheaper than those who do not, and I will do so and give my customers the benefit.

☞ The best grades of Tobacco, Brandies, Wines, Beer, Whiskies, etc., always on hand.

☞ BEER AND WHISKY ALWAYS ON ICE. ☜

J. H. ROYAL.

Davis Hankins is paying his parents a visit, and also renewing his attentions to the young ladies. Davis is truly a ladies—man, and a commendable quality in a young gentleman.

Dr. Jule Faison paid the Pioneer Lumber Co. a visit that cost him about forty dollars. His horse was left alone and became frightened and ran away, breaking into many peices his buggy.

We were glad to welcome Mr. Joe Robinson of the Argus who paid our Commencement a visit and in a very captivating and graceful manner introduced Col. Thos. W. Strange to the large audience, who appreciated the many words of wisdom offered by both gentlemen.

LOCALS:

We are having pure and unadulterated Summer weather.

Some of our young folks had a fish-fry at Mr. Robt. Williams' mill Monday.

Thanks to "Uncle Sol" Barfield for some nice peaches which he left on the desk of "ye local" last Saturday.

Rev. Mr. Abernethey preached an excellent sermon in the Methodist church last Sunday morning.

The whistle of the wheat thresher in our town last Thursday reminded us that the harvesting season is upon us.

Wartermelons pass here daily by the car load, going North, eighteen car loads passed up Tuesday. They look tempting, but they being "behind the bars" are "so near and yet so far".

Mr. William Holmes moved his family back into the country last Saturday he moved here several months ago to give his children the advantages of our excellent school. We are sorry they could not remain with us.

Our townsman Mr. David C. Summerlin shipped a box of peaches North Tuesday, which is the first shipment we have herd of this season. He shipped them to New York, to Mess. Rhodes Chandler & Co., whose card will be found in our advertising column.

The District Conference will convene in the Methodist church at 9A.M Thursday 26th inst, and will hold daily till, and including the following Sunday. Services will be held Wednesday night of next week. A large crowd is expected. And everybody is cordially invited to attend the sessions of the conference.

The Editor desires to say that the song "Not before Pa, Dear" by the charming little Lizzie, daugter of Dr. and Mrs. I. W. Faison was the event of Friday evening, only about six years old, she rendered the song with the charm and intellegence of a trained vocalist. Her voice was remarkably flexible and sweet for a child, and her composure was astonishing to see. Without ignoring the many good things offered in the excellent "Bill of Fare" at the closing exercises. It is but just to say that the little ladies, Julia McGee and Laura Faison, daughter of Dr. Jule Faison, showed commendable tact and talent in the presentation of the boquets. There were many others who showed great improvement, but we can't go into farther particulars.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."
Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S Ointment.

"HACKMETACK," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. For sale by Dr. R. H. HOLLIDAY, Druggist, Clinton, and W. P. KENNEDY, Warsaw, N. C.

The Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Indiana, says: "Both myself and wife owe ourselves to SHILOH'S Consumption Cure." For sale by Dr. R. H. HOLLIDAY, Clinton, and W. P. KENNEDY, Warsaw, N. C.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles!
SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYN'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulcerations, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents.
DR. SWAYNE & SON,
feb21—6m Philadelphia.

DRUNKENNESS—LIQUOR HABIT—In all the World there is but one cure, Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.
It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and today believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.

DR. O. W. HOLMES ON HEART LOVE.

"I never saw a garment too fine for a man or a maid; there never was a chair too good for a cobbler or a king to sit in; never a house too fine to shelter the human head. These elements about us—the glorious sun, the imperial moon—are not too good for the human race. Elegance fits man; but do we not value these tools a little more than they are worth, and sometimes mortgage a house for the mahogany we bring into it? I would rather eat my dinner off the head of a barrel, or dress after the fashion of John the Baptist in the wilderness, or sit on a block all my life, than consume all on myself before I got a home, and take so much pains with the outside when the inside was as hollow as an empty nut. Beauty is a great thing; but beauty of garment, house and furniture are tawdry ornaments compared with domestic love. All the elegance in the world will not make a home; and I would give more for a spoonful of real heart-love than for whole ship loads of furniture and all the gorgeousness all the upholsterers in the world can gather."

Pompous individual (to the mother of several laughing girls)—I should like to know, madam, if those giggling girls of yours are laughing at me?

The mother (meekly)—Really sir, I don't know. They often laugh at nothing.

Mr. Crisscross—Will you pass me the butter, please?

Miss Featherly—With all my——.

Mr. Crisscross—Only the butter, please.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mrs. Joe Person's Remedy.

Mr. J. C. Henderson, General Manage Chatanooga Southern R. R. Co. says he does not believe there is a case of Rheumatism that Mrs. Joe Person's Remedy will not cure, and that it is the finest medicine for indigestion he has ever used.

Rev. C. J. Gibson, D. D., Petersburg, Va., says: I have used Mrs. Joe Person's Remedy in my own family, and it gives me pleasure to say it has proved a valuable Tonic and Purifier of the Blood, and if thoroughly tested, I think will remove many cutaneous disorders.
CHURCHILL J. GIBSON.
Petersburg, Va., Jan. 10, 1888.

GOLDSBORO, N. C., Oct. 23, '89.
MRS. JOE PERSON—DEAR MADAM—About April, 1887, I treated Sam Privett for Scrofula affecting the glands of the neck. I had done for him all that could, and considered his chances for life very small and told so, and that if you would benefit him with your Remedy, I would give you a certificate of the fact. That you have done your part the boy is now a living witness, and I shall not hesitate to furnish your Remedy in any similar cases I may be called upon to treat. I am very truly,
THOS. HILL. M. D.

For sale by Clinton Druggists and by Wm. A. Johnson, Wholesale Agent, Clinton, N. C.
dec6—1y

NOTICE.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS administrator of Isaac W. Boykin, deceased, notice is hereby given to all parties owing said estate to make immediate payment.

All parties holding claims against said estate are notified to present them for payment within twelve months, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.
J. C. WRIGHT,
June 19, '90.—6t Administrator.

NOTICE.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS administrator of Haywood Boykin, deceased, notice is hereby given to all parties owing said estate to make immediate payment.

All parties holding claims against said estate are notified to present them for payment within twelve months, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.
J. C. WRIGHT,
June 19, '90.—6t Administrator.

Sale of Land.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER of the Superior Court of Sampson county, we will, on Saturday, the 19th day of July, 1890, at at the Courthouse in Clinton, expose to public sale the land of the late Owen H. Crumpler, on the west side of Coharie and bounded by the lands of J. S. Crumpler and G. W. Crumpler, containing about 300 acres, more or less.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent. cash. Note with approved security. Title reserved until title money is paid.
G. W. CRUMPLER,
Jul9 4ts Administrator.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS!

Money made by calling at

WILLIAM A. JOHNSON'S STORE.

Thousands of Dollars worth of Goods will be sold at prices that will astonish you.

Next week we will give prices.

Don't Forget This!

Very Respectfully,

WM. A. JOHNSON.

Money is Scarce

BUT

CHEAP GOODS ARE PLENTIFUL

AT

W. G. Rackley's Store.

My large stock of NEW SPRING GOODS has just arrived. When you are in need of

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Hats and Shoes,
Tobacco and Cigars,
Family Groceries,

Let me know it, and your wants shall be supplied in a manner satisfactory to us both.

☞ That I have the best line of Clothing for the money to be found in the place, I will leave to your decision. Here you can get a suit ready made or made to order, whichever you prefer.

☞ Let the ladies be sure to call and see my new line of Dress Goods, Hamberg Edgings, Laces, &c.

Yours for our mutual profit,

W. G. RACKLEY.

Good Bargains

In the line of General Merchandise. Everything we keep is a specialty in quality and price.

Before buying be sure to come in and sample and price our goods, especially

FLOUR, TOBACCO AND SHOES

On which our profits are the lowest possible, in view of the fact that a dollar is hard to get and should go a long ways.

Give us a call, whether you wish to buy or not.

Respectfully,

W. R. KING & CO.

Central Stand!

On Grog Row, Opposite Courthouse.

REMEMBER, that

WATSON & PETERSON

Keep a CHOICE LINE of Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, etc., and also a WELL SELECTED stock of

Standard Family Groceries.

AGAIN REMEMBER, that a finer line of Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, etc., can seldom be found.

☞ The famous Rufus Weeks Brandy (which all connoisseurs, declare the best ever tasted) can be bought no where else.

Pure up country Corn Whisky a specialty,

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

Literary Department.

Book and Magazine Reviews--Quotations--General Literary Notes.

Employ your time in improving yourself by other men's writings, so you shall come easily by what others have labored hard for.—Socrates.

For whatsoever things were written aforetime were written for our learning.—St. Paul.

Literary Clog Dancing.

I wrote not long ago to an unknown young correspondent, who had a longing for seeing himself in verse, but was not hopelessly infatuated with the idea that he was born a "poet." "When you write in prose," I said, "you say what you mean. When you write in verse, you say what you must." I was thinking more especially of rhymed verse. Rhythm alone is a tether, and not a very long one. But rhymes are iron fetters; it is dragging a chain and ball to march under their incumbrance; it is a clog dance you are figuring in when you execute your metrical pas seul. Consider under what a disadvantage your thinking powers are laboring when you are handicapped by the inexorable demands of our scanty English rhyming vocabulary!

You want to say something about the heavenly bodies, and you have a beautiful line ending with the word stars. Where you writing in prose, your imagination, your fancy, your rhetoric, your musical ear for harmonies of language, would all have full play. But there is your rhyme fastening you by the leg, and you must either reject the line which pleases you, or you must whip your hobbling fancy and all your limping thoughts into the traces which are hitched to one of three or four or half a dozen serviceable words. You cannot make any use of cars, I will suppose; you have no reason to talk about scars; "the red planet Mars" has been used already; Dibdin has said enough about the gallant tars; what is there left for you but bars?

So you give up your trains of thought, capitulate to necessity, and manage to lug in some kind of allusion, in place or out of place, which will allow you to make use of bars. Can there be imagined a more certain process for breaking up all continuity of thought, for taking out all the vigor, all the virility which belongs to natural prose as the vehicle of strong, graceful, spontaneous thought, than this miserable subjugation of intellect to the clink of well or ill-matched syllables? —Dr. Holmes, in The Atlantic.

***

The June number of The Old Homestead comes to us laden with good things. It is full of interesting original matter in the shape of serial and completed stories, sketches, essays, poems, criticisms, etc., by the best talent in the south. A glance within its well-filled pages will satisfy the most critical that the magazine, in its literary, musical, fashion, and domestic features, is the equal of any similar publication in the country. That it has fulfilled its promises made a year ago when its first number appeared is demonstrated by the evidences of success in its phenomenally large circulation and in the superiority of its reading matter. The Old Homestead is distinctively a southern publication, whose purposes and aims are to cultivate the literary talent, the domestic virtues, and the refining influences of homes and families. The subscription price is but one dollar a year, and the magazine should be a welcome guest in the homes or every southern family. Sample copies will be mailed to any address for ten cents. Davis Bros., publishers The Old Homestead, Savannah, Ga.

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The Forum for June.

The Forum, the ablest magazine in America, has begun a sesies of autobiographic articles by some of the foremost men in England and America, pointing out the chief formative influences on their education and careers. The first of these appears in in the June number and is by W. E. H. Lecky, the author of "The History of the Spirit of Rationalism in Europe." It is one of the few contributions that this eminent historian has ever made to periodical lititerature and the first to an American periodical. He reviews the development of thought in England during the life of the generation just passing off the stage.

There are two political articles in this number. Henry Charles Lea, of Philadelphia, whose recent letter to the President provoked much controversy, has an essay on "Fetichism in Politics," showing the chief causes of bad municipal government. The Hon. Roger Q. Mills, discussing "New England and the New Tariff Bill," advises the New England manufacturers to favor the reduction of duties on raw materials, pointing out that they depend chiefly on manufactures and that cheap raw materials are necessary for continued prosperity. A third article, which has a political bearing, is "Public Control of the Telegraph," by Mr. Bronson C. Keeler, who presents the leading facts about the development and the conduct of the telegraph in all countries, to show that governmental control has been better than private control. He has collected a great mass of statistics about tolls and the use of the telegraph in different countries. The June number contains many other excellent articles. Mr. Walter Page formerly editor of the Raleigh State Chronicle is business manager of this magazine.

"Tired All the Time,"

Say many poor men and women, who seem overworked, or are debilitated by change of season, climate or life. If you could read the hundreds of letters praising Hood's Sarsaparilla which come from people whom it has restored to health, you would be convinced of its merits. As this is impossible, why not try Hood's Sarsaparilla yourself and thus realize its benefit? It will tone and build up your system, give you a good appetite, overcome that tired feeling and make you feel, as one woman expresses it, "like a new creature."

Reverend Dr. Primrose—"Experience is a teacher." Giles—"Yes; but it teaches us a great many things we would sooner not know."

Neuralgic Persons

And those troubled with nervousness resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking ***Brown's Iron Bitters.*** Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

NOTICE.

Turpentine Makers Look to YOUR INTEREST!

On and after this date the undersigned will pay, at their stores at Ingold and Garland, N. C., 10 cents per barrel extra for turpentine in barrels made of season timber, well shaped, with 10 hoops, weighing 290 pounds and over.

A. N. JOHNSON & SON.

May 26th, 1890.—29-4t

MACHINE SHOP

AT

CAROLINA VENEER WORKS!

Have your Machinery repaired at home and save expense.

Satisfaction Guaranteed!

CHARGES REASONABLE!

Apply at the Factory to

B. F. FENNELL,
Engineer and Machinist.

my29—1m

KILN DRIED

Weatherboarding,
Flooring,
Ceiling,
or other Lumber,
dressed to order,

IN BEST MANNER!

For Sale at

CAROLINA VENEER WORKS.

my29—1m

WHAT

SCOTT'S EMULSION CURES

CONSUMPTION
SCROFULA
BRONCHITIS
COUGHS
COLDS
Wasting Diseases

Wonderful Flesh Producer.

Many have gained one pound per day by its use.

Scott's Emulsion is not a secret remedy. It contains the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites and pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, the potency of both being largely increased. It is used by Physicians all over the world.

PALATABLE AS MILK.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

JEWELRY AND CLOCKS!

I have just received a large lot of Elegant Jewelry. This I will guarantee to the purchaser to be just as represented. I sell no cheap, "fire gilt" goods but carry a STANDARD LINE OF GOLD FRONT GOODS. The attention of the ladies is called to the latest styles of BREAST PINS—they are "things of beauty!"

The old reliable and standard SETH THOMAS CLOCKS always in stock in various styles and sizes.

☞ Repairing of Watches and Clocks and mending Jewelry is a specialty. All work I do is guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

Respectfully,

sep5—tf G. T. RAWLS.

North Carolina Building and Loan Association.

Authorized Capital $5,000,000.

CLINTON BRANCH.

Directors:

D. A. CULBRETH, D. B. NICHOLSON,
W. A. JOHNSON, H. E. FAISON,
J. A. FERRELL, T. M. FERRELL,
MARION BUTLER, F. R. COOPER,
DR. R. H. HOLLIDAY, REV. J. W. TURNER.

Officers:

D. A. CULBRETH, President,
H. E. FAISON, Vice-President,
T. M. FERRELL, Secretary,
COOPER & NICHOLSON, Attorneys.

The Association makes loans on country as well as town property. A chance for all to get money at low rates.

J. A. FERRELL, Local Agent

ap3—tf

Notice of Sale!

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of the Superior Court to create assets to pay debts, the undersigned will on Saturday July 12th, 1890, at Clinton, N. C., by public auction, sell the lands belonging to the estate of S. O. Sutton, deceased in two tracts.

First tract of fifty acres, on west side of public road, adjoining the landi of W. H. Boyette and others.

Second tract of fifty-three acres, more or less, being the rest of the land described in the petition, adjoining lands of S. R. Daughtry, W. A. Boyette and others.

TERMS OF SALE—75 per cent cash and balance, with 8 per cent. interest, due November 1st, 1890, and title retained.

HENRY E. FAISON,
Commissioner.

Clinton, N. C., June 11, 1890.—tds

BUY THE BEST.

BLYMYER CANE MILLS

AND

ZIMMERMAN FRUIT EVAPORATOR.



Manufactured by the

Blymyer Iron Works Co.,

The largest manufacturers in the United States.

The undersigned, agent of the above firm in the counties of Duplin, Pender and Sampson, would be glad to hear from any one in want of such machinery. Will guarantee prices to be very bottom and machinery the very best made anywhere. You can place your orders at once for fall delivery, so your neighbors will know what to plant.

Send for catalogue and price list to

A. S. COLWELL,
Wallace, N. C.

April 5th, 1890.—tf

HOLLIDAY'S DRUG STORE!

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE!"

Don't wait to get sick, but when you begin to feel bad come and get a dose of medicine and prevent sickness. This is the proper use of medicine. If you will do this you will scarcely ever have a doctor's bill to pay or lose months of time, and put your friends and relatives to such a deal of trouble.

In addition to my complete line of pure and reliable Drugs, I carry Warner's Log Cabin Remedies, B. B. B., the S. S. S., Quinine in small and large quantities; Simmon's Liver Regulator, Famous Specific Orange Blossom, Cuticura Remedies, Dr. Pierces Favorite Prescription, the Golden Medical Discovery, Horse and Cattle Powder (1 pound packages prepared by the Herb Co. of W. Va. Quaker brand.)

Prescriptions carefully compounded. Local and office practice upon request. Respectfully,

aug1—tf DR. R. H. HOLLIDAY.

"RED, WHITE & BLUE!"

I am now located in the stand between Watson & Peterson and Russell & Bodenhammer, known by the above name.

I offer to the people of Sampson a line of

CLOTHING, SHOES, HATS,
GENTS' FURNISHING WEAR,
GROCERIES, CONFECTIONS,

etc., on which I do not intend to be undersold.

You will show wisdom by calling in before buying.

ATTENTION!—My entire line of Clothing will be sold at cost, for the next 30 days, to make room for a new stock.

Respectfully,

G. E. SUMMERLIN.

mch13 tf

Seeger & Guernsey's Cyclopædia of

THE MANUFACTURES AND PRODUCTS OF THE UNITED STATES,

comprises Every Article made in this Country—Indexed and Classified—and under each article the names and addresses of

THE BEST MANUFACTURERS.

Complete in One Royal Octavo Vol. of over 1000 pp. Price in Cloth, $5. in Leather, $7.

INDISPENSABLE

to Buyers of Articles in all lines and Invaluable as a Statistical work.

Orders received at office of this Paper.

CLINTON

Harness Establishment!

[ESTABLISHED IN 1867.]

I am now located on Fayetteville Street, opposite CAUCASIAN office.

I put up and keep in stock, or make to order, any style of Harness, from $13.00 to $40.00. I also make all styles and grades of Saddles, Bridles, Halters and everything in this line.

Good, honest work at the lowest living figures, is my guide and motto in business.

A large supply of Northern Harness and a fine line of Driving Whips always kept on hand. Call and examine. Respectfully,

sep5-3m W. H. STETSON.

A First-Class BARBER SHOP.

If you wish a first class Shave, Hair Cut, Shampoon or Mustache Dye, call at my place of business on Wall Street, three doors from the corner of M. Hanstein's, there you will find me at all hours.

RAZORS SHARP, SHEARS KEEN!

If you want a good job don't fail to call on me. J. H. SIMMONS,

apr10—tf Barber.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

HAVING THIS DAY QUALIFIED as administrator of Joseph A. Darden, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons holding claims against said estate to present the same, duly proven according to law, within twelve months from this date, or this notice will be pled in bar of their recovery.

Notice is hereby also given to all persons indebted to said estate, by note or account, to come forward and make immediate settlement.

Respectfully,

NATHAN WEEKS,
Administrator,

HENRY E. FAISON, Att'y.

June 5th, 1890.—4t

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 1044½ Whitehall St.

THE STORE

OF

THE PEOPLE

Is again filled with the best and most elegant line of

CLOTHING!



Hats, Dry-Goods and Shoes.

It is an easy task for us to buy, for we know the wants for our customers and we pay cash for what we buy. The selling will be just as easy if the people will only call on us. Its for you to say in these hard times whether you wish to save money or not. We can save you lots of hard earned cash if you will buy from us. A call on us will convince you.

We are bound to turn our goods into cash, and sell we will if we get half a chance.

Our Light Weight Clothing, which has been expressly made for us, is what you will surely buy if you only see it. Our Shoes and Hats were also bought cheeper than ever, and we will sell them cheaper than you can buy them elsewhere.

M. HANSTEIN,

King Hatter and Clothier.

MECKLENBURG IRON WORKS,

JNO. WILKES, Manager.

Charlotte, N. C.

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, PRESSES, GINS, WHEAT AND CORN MILLS, REPAIR WORKS, PIPE FITTINGS, SHAFTING, PULLEYS and BELTING.

dec19—3m

MURPHY HOUSE,

CLINTON, N. C.

MRS. A. E. MURPHY, : : : : : : : : Owner and Proprietress.

Sixteen New Large Comfortable Rooms Just Added.

Centrally located. Sample rooms for Commercial Travelers. Attentive Servants. Fare First-Class in Every Respect. Free Transportation from and to Depot. The Traveling Public Cordially Invited to Stop at the

MURPHY HOUSE.

RAILROAD HOUSE,

NEAR THE DEPOT.

Sample-Rooms and Special Conveniences for Traveling Men.

The Fare is the best the market affords, which is always served in good wholesome style.

Board, per day, only	$ 1 50
" " week,	4 00
" " month,	12 00

The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited.

W. E. BASS,
sep19—tf Proprietor

For 24 Years J. T. GREGORY

has occupied his same

TAILOR ESTABLISHMENT

on Church Street. The great and orignal leader in low prices for men's clothes. Economy in cloth and money will force you to give him a call.

☞ Latest Fashion plates always on hand. June 7th. 1yr.

LAST STORE!

Last store, on the corner of the of the row North of Courthouse, is the place for

BRANDIES, WHISKIES,
BEER, RUM, ALE, GIN,
WINES and Liquors of all kind.

Special attention to our

Clover Club Rye Whiskey!

The Best and Purest Whiskey in Town.

Absolutely pure and guaranteed to be better than any of the so-called "Medicinal Whiskies" in the place.

Full line of Family Groceries, Canned Goods, Syrups, Tobacco, Cigars, etc.

BODENHAMMER & RUSSELL

Respectfully invite you to call

mch20—tf

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure, we guarantee it. For sale by R. H. HOLLIDAY, Druggist, Clinton, and W. P. KENNEDY & Co., Warsaw, N.C.

CLINTON DRUG STORE.

[ESTABLISHED 13 YEARS.]



T. J. LEE, - - Manager.

Persons need medicine only when they are sick and their lives in danger, then they want the very best that can be had. Only such is kept at the CLINTON DRUG STORE; there can be found also a full line of Patent medicines, Essential Oils, Perfumery, Trusses, English Tooth Brushes, Medicinal Whiskey, Horse and Cattle Powders, and the best remedies for all diseases and ailments of Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, Poultry, etc.

Lee's Backache Plasters!

In North Carolina's sunny clime,
Their wond'rous virtues, tireless still,
Exert an influence sublime
In ministering to human ill;
And many a pang along our way,
Lee's Plasters doth allay.

You can cure a bad case of Backache quicker with one of Lee's plasters than by any other application, and after the backache is cured, you can still wear the plaster with comfort for a month or longer. This plaster is a great discovery, and it is hard to find any pain or ache that will not yield to it. Prepared only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

LEE'S WART SPECIFIC.

A certain cure for warts on Horses, and Mules, as Judge E. T. Boykin, the Editor of THE CAUCASIAN, Capt. Cornelius Partrick, Capt. W. Lucius Faison, Messrs. A. Ferd. Johnson, Henry E. Faison, Wm. H. Faison, Hon. Bascomb Nicholson and hundreds of others in Sampson and adjoining counties and throughout Eastern Carolina will certify. Sold only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

WORMS IN HORSES.

Lee's Worm Specific never fails to expel worms from horses and mules. Warranted in every case. Sold only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS.

We offer under this head the best Condition Powders in the market. They are prepared by the leading Drug House of the United States, from the formula of the most distinguished Veterinary Surgeon living. They are excellent appetizers, a general alterative and tonic, and can be relied upon as a remedy for all diseases of domestic animals. They are composed of Licorice Root, Juniper Berries, Flaxseed, Gentian, Ginger, Iron and Antimony. Sold only by T. J. LEE, Druggist.

OTHER SPECIALTIES.

Pure 4-Year Old Medicinal Whiskey.

A Safe and Certain Corn Cure.

Sure cure for Scratches in Horses.

Sure cure for Eczema in Cattle and Horses

Safe and Sure cure for Lice on Stock.

Specific for Staggers in Horses and Hogs

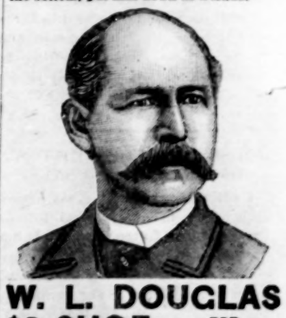
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April 17th, 1890.—tf

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And everything we think you'll find;
To suit the face and please the mind,
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